The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,672—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA,
Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PA... CLARETS.

As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.
2-8	7-0	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-8
22-0	12-0		22-0 12-8
25-0	13-8	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palme	25-0 13-8
29-0	15-0		29-0 15-0
31-0	19-0		34-0 15-0
38-0	20-0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt	38-0 20-

"C. P. & Co's stock and selection of Claret are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. Tuesday.
BL CORONANDEL/SIAM	4499/3041	800/500	I. Reeves/H. T. Weighell	23rd July/30th "
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	J. Orman	6th Aug.
† ASSAM	3038	800	G. W. F. Browne.	13th "
BL PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	20th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	27th "
BL THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	3rd Sept.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
ROHILLA	3511	600	M. De Horne	1st Aug.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	15th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th June 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below :—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE :

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Aug.	1st Sept.
NILLA	5,000	800	20th Aug.	20th Sept.
UBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Sept.	10th Oct.
APORE	5,000	800	1st Oct.	1st Nov.

ENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain GH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT LY REDUCED RATES.

an Servants and Native Ayahs are charged nd Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In mmediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be

TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

amer. To sail
MIDA.....On the 8th August 1889.

andbooks of Information and other particulars Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
on House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 10, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	5th Aug.
IMPERATRIX (new)	F. Egger	4,600	650	5th Sept.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 15
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA	A. Lussich	4 200	600	20th July.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	C. Perini	3,800	550	14th August.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 13th June 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LABOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th August 1889 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare, from Marseilles to London.

Owing to the Monsoon, Passengers are invited to be on board the steamer in the Prince's Dock on the morning of the 10th July.

GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

FANCY STATIONERY.

The Bombay Gazette Office

16, ESPLANADE, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

		Rs. a
Canvas Note and Envelopes, A quality	per packet	1 4
" " " B "	"	1 0
Calico Note and Envelopes	"	0 12
Brown Holland Note and Envelopes	"	0 12
Do. do. Grey Calico	"	1 4
Do. do. Correspondence Cards		0 12
Grey Calico Correspondence Cards		0 12
Floral Note and Envelopes	per packet	0 12
Botanic Note and Envelopes		0 12
Autumn Leaves		1 8
Ivy Correspondence		1 0
Swallow		0 12
"Just a few Words" Correspondence		0 12
Assorted		0 12
Primrose, Bouquet	per packet	0 12
Times Correspondence	"	0 12
Royal Nursery Correspondence	"	0 12
4 O'Clock Correspondence	"	0 12
Cinderella		0 12
Canvas Shell		0 12
Coin and Frog, assorted		0 12
Parcel Post Cabinet	each	2 4
Revolving Cabinet	"	5 0
Fascination Cabinet	"	6 0
Saratoga Cabinet		3 0
Three Volume Cabinet		4 0
C-24 Cabinet	each	3 0
British Lion and Note and Envelopes	per packet	0 12
Old Saxon Correspondence	"	0 12
Assorted Superfine and Super Vellum Correspondence		0 12
Imperial Linen Bank Note	per packet	0 12
Athole and Warwick's Note and Envelopes		0 12
Extra Fine Vellum Par and Sil Society, assorted		0 12

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th July, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on 21st July, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOA," 1,906 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 20th July, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on or about MONDAY, 5th August, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 24th July.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 23rd July.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "COLABA," 1,460 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 3rd August.

FOR MAURITIUS *VIA* ZANZIBAR.

THE S. S. "NEVASA," 2,950 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 27th July.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th July 1889. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BHUNDARA	2,961	18th July.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 9th July, 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAVIN'S PATENT RAPID FILTERS.

THE most efficient yet invented, they purify with astonishing rapidity the most offensive, stagnant, or other water, and are fitted with Silver-plated Tap and Indiarubber Washer complete.

	Cash prices. Rs. a.
Domestic Filters in Cream-coloured Stoneware—	
No. 000 Half gallon size	9 8
" " " " Wicker-covered	11 0
" 00 One-and-a-half gallon size	11 8
" " " " Wicker-covered.	13 8
" 0 Two-and-a-half gallon size	15 0
" " " " Wicker-covered.	17 0
" 1 Three-and-a-half gallon size	20 0
" " " " Wicker-covered.	23 8
" 2 Five-gallon size	27 0
" " " Wicker-covered	31 0
" 3 Six-gallon size	34 0
Pocket Filters (no Traveller should be without one)	5 8

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TREACHER and Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!

FOR ALL OCCASIONS.

COMFORT
WITH
PRECISION.

WRITE FOR
OUR NEW PRICE LIST.

HOAR & CO., SHIRT BOMBAY, MAKERS.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £2,000,000
FUNDS IN HAND ..... " 1,407,678
AMOUNT PAID IN CLAIMS ... " 6,582,529

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L. R. W. FORREST, Esq., (Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co.), Bombay.
G. GILBERT, Esq., (Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani).
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FIRE INSURANCES effected at the lowest current rates.

LIFE ASSURANCES granted on most favourable terms.

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FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

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INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE : ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

CRICKET KIT

OF the very best quality, and carefully selected to meet the requirements of the Indian Climate.

		Rs. a.
CRICKET BATS, Single Cane, Treacher's Special	each	7 0
Do. Double Cane do.	"	8 8
Do. Treble Cane do.	"	10 8

These Bats have been specially made to the order of TREACHER & Co., and will be found unexceptionable in use. The single Cane Bat, at the particularly low price of Rs. 7, can be economically used as a Practice Bat, as it will stand Hard Wear much better than the Ordinary Practice Bat.

The Double and Treble Cane Bats are quite unequalled at the price.

It should be noted that each of Treacher's Special Bats is guaranteed.

		Rs. as.
CRICKET BALLS, Treacher & Co.'s, Double Seam	each	3 12
Do. do. Treble Seam	"	4 12
Do. do. Four Seam, Registered pattern, the finest manufactured	"	5 8

There is nothing in the Indian Market superior to these : they are strongly recommended or the manner in which they will stand Hard Wear.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
CRICKET BATS, Cobbett's All Cane ...each	13 0	WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS of superior quality, and well ventilated ...per pair	7 4
Do. Frowd's Driver ... "	15 8	BATTING GLOVES, best improved Vulcanised Tubular Indiarubber ... "	7 4
Do. Patent Exceller ... "	14 8	BAGS for carrying Cricket Kit, strong green cloth, Leather Binding, Brass Lock ... "	16 0
Do. For Boys, from Re. 1-12 to	5 0	LEG GUARDS, Chamois Skin ... "	8 4
CRICKET BALLS, Duke's Double Seam ...each	4 0	NETS, for long stopping, 6 yards long by 2 yards high, with Poles, Ferrules, Ropes, &c. ... each	13 8
Do. do. Treble Seam ... "	5 8	SHOES fitted with Spikes ...	12 8
Do. do. For Boys...Re. 1-8 to	2 8	BOYS' CRICKET SETS, complete, in Box ...	10 8
STUMPS, Plain Polished Ash, with Bales per set	3 12		
Do. with Brass Ferrules ... "	6 0		
Do. do. and Iron Points ... "	7 0		
Do. for Boys ... "	2 8		

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
IMPORTERS OF ALL SPORTING REQUISITES.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S UMBRELLAS.

Myrtle Green / Brown and Black / Rich Twill Silk. — FOX'S PATENT STEEL LOCK RIB PARAGON FRAMES. — Superior Sticks, Natural and Silver-mounted Handles.

Rs. 12-8, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 16-0, Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 40-0.

SUPERIOR QUALITY EXTRA LIGHT.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,

Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24 ; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

DOCTORS' COMBINATION KNIVES.

	Rs. as.
Knife in tortoiseshell handle with four instruments, Scalpel, Bistoury, Abscess Lancet and Gum Lancet	8 8
Knife in tortoiseshell handle with six different instruments, three of which arise from each end of it. The instruments are—1, Finger Knife ; 2, Finger Saw ; 3, Syme's Abscess Knife ; 4, a Gum Lancet ; 5, a Tenotomy Knife ; 6, a sharp-pointed curved Needle, plated, and a Probe and Director, in leather case	22 8

POONA, Temple House, Camp. & Bhoodwar Peth. } **PHILLIPS & Co., LD.,** { BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge.

FOOTBALL, POLO, SWEATER JERSEYS, &c.

THORPE AND CO.,

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of the above, and invite an early inspection.

	Rs. a.
Best Lamb's Wool, 2-Inch Stripes—	
Black and Royal Blue / Black and Amber / Black and Scarlet	each 5 8
Navy Blue, all sizes	each Rs. 6 8 to 7 8
White Sweater Jerseys made from the Finest Wool, very Soft and Elastic, all sizes	each Rs. 7 8 to 8 8
Extra Fine Cashmere Jerseys, made of the Finest Wool, very Soft, Non-irritating—	
Amber and Black / Navy and Scarlet	each 11 8
Scarlet, Orange and Black Out-sizes	" 12 8
Navy Blue Ribbed Cotton Hose	pair 3 12
Navy Blue Ribbed, all-Wool Hose	" 3 12
White Cashmere Mufflers	each 3 8
Honeycomb	" 2 12
Black and Amber Silk Squares	" 7 8
Silk Squares, Club Colours	" 7 8
Elastic Web Belts, all Colours	" 2 8
Black and Amber Ties	" 1 12
White Saxony Flannel Shirt, well Shrunk	" 8 8
White or Cream Silk and Wool Shirt, well Shrunk	" 8 8
Cream Spun Silk Shirt	" 12 8
White Cricketing Suits, very best Twill Flannel, thoroughly Shrunk	" 30 0
White Serge Cricketing Suits, thoroughly Shrunk	" 30 0
White Fancy Serges, a large Choice	suit 30 0

THORPE AND CO.,

SHIRT-MAKERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW PIANOFORTES

WITH TRANSPOSING APPARATUS.

THIS Apparatus is a most useful improvement recently introduced in a most perfect form. By a simple arrangement the Pitch can be lowered or raised a semi-tone, a tone, or several tones. In this manner Soprano or Tenor songs can be instantaneously transposed, so as to render the Accompaniment adaptable to Contralto, Baritone, or Bass voices. This advantage will be at once seen by all Singers.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., have just received a Stock of these Pianos, manufactured especially to suit the Indian Climate, with Solid Iron Frames, and they can confidently recommend them to stand the severest tests, as better Pianos have never before come to India.

PRICES IN EITHER AMERICAN, WALNUT, OR BLACKWOOD.

	Rs.
No. 1 (to change 2 semi-notes)	750
" 2 " 5 "	775
" 3 " 5 " to 1 Octave, with new Tuning Apparatus...	1,300

TERMS FOR HIRE-PURCHASE SYSTEM ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY, Opposite the Clock Tower } AND { POONA, Opposite Napier Hotel.

KEMP AND CO.'S LIST OF WINES & SPIRITS.

ON the quality of the various brands quoted below, most of them specially selected by MR. D. S. KEMP, purchasers may place the fullest reliance. All will bear the most favourable comparison with any other Wines in the market at the same prices, and many are of qualities very much superior to what their prices indicate.

An analysis of our "Household Claret," made by the late Mr. W. Harris, F. C. S., and reported in the *Bombay Gazette*, showed that the Wine ranked in quality with others sold in this market at a very much higher price. Since then we have spared no efforts to maintain its high character.

	Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
CLARET—		
Household*	10 0	5 8
St. Julien Medoc (J. J. B.)	15 0	8 8
Saint Estephe	18 0	...
Chianti	18 0	...
Margaux Bijou	20 0	...
Fronsac	20 0	12 0
Moulis	28 0	16 0
Chateau Lafitte (J. J. B.)	30 0	...
Pontet Canet, 1880	36 0	20 0
Chateau Bellegrave (J. J. B.)	50 0	...
BURGUNDY—		
Beaume	24 0	13 0
Pomard	24 0	13 0
Volnay	32 0	18 0
Chambertin	30 0	16 0
Do. Extra Fine	60 0	33 0
HOCK (Finest Still)—		
Hochheimer, specially selected	23 0	12 8
Geisenheimer	26 0	15 0
Scharlachberg	42 0	24 0
Liebfraumilch	50 0	27 0
SPARKLING HOCK—		
Choicest Brand	38 0	21 0
CHABLIS—		
Montrachet	38 0	21 0
SHERRY—		
Dry Cadiz	24 0	13 0
Jerez Competidor	22 0	...
Do. Favorita	37 8	...
Amontillado	30 0	...
Cardinal	35 0	...
MADEIRA—		
Cossart, Gordon & Co.'s Choice		
Reserve	30 0	...

	Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
PORT—		
Vino de Porto	21 0	...
Invalid's	24 0	13 0
Graham's Five Crown	30 0	...
CHAMPAGNE—		
Zipelius & Co.'s	36 0	20 0
Silery	42 0	24 0
Jules Mumm's Carte Blanche	45 0	24 0
Russeau's	52 0	30 0
Moet & Co.'s	55 8	33 0
Roederer's Choice Brand	65 0	35 0
Russeau Frere's Special Cuvee, 1880	70 0	36 0
SAUTERNE—		
Preignac	35 0	20 0
SPARKLING SAUTERNE—		
Normandin Maignen	30 0	16 0
BRANDY—		
Kemp's Fine Old	30 0	...
Do. do. very aged	48 0	...
T. Prunier's *	36 0	...
" **	42 0	...
" ***	48 0	...
WHISKY—		
Edina (Scotch)	25 8	...
Banff Whisky (Genuine Highland Malt)	24 0	...
The "Glen"	30 0	...
Old Head (Irish)***	24 0	...
Do. do. ****	26 0	...
Uam Var (liqueur)	60 0	...
Bull	35 0	...
CHARTREUSE—		
White		3 0
Yellow		4 0
Green		5 0
MARASCHINO DE ZARA		2 8

* Prize Medal, Amsterdam Exhibition, 1883.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

COCKLE'S PILLS,

OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY.

4, Great Ormond-street, W. C.

A RIDE TO KHIVA,

BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says :—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken ; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory ; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company :—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hæmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom ; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hæmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

References for the above and for the Quinine Bitters can be made to NARSEELAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7, 3rd Bhoiwada, or the PROPRIETORS of the QUININE BITTERS Co., Ld., Llanelly, South Wales.

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously affect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both on body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients ; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination ; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints ; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

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Doors open 8-30 p.m. Overture 9-15.

GREAT BILL FOR SATURDAY.

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail Steamer D. BALDUINO, Captain G. DODERO, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL from GENOA on 17th instant and that she is LOADING and DISCHARGING in the Victoria Dock.

All CLAIMS for Short Delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the Steamer, otherwise they will NOT BE ADMITTED under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elph. Circle, Bombay, 17th June 1889.

NOTICE.

2 CURRENCY NOTES made over to the Police on the 17th instant. Any person claiming them to apply at the Head Police Office, Byculla, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.

F. J. WISE, Colonel,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 18th July 1889.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER for the City of Bombay up to 1 p.m. on MONDAY, the 5th day of August 1889, for works in cast-iron and zinc ventilating shafts and in water entrances and manholes along the Frere Road sewer.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., can on payment of Rs. 5 be obtained from the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders should be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further Deposit to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the contract-amount will have to be paid by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JAMES W. SMITH, M. Inst., C. E.,
Acting Executive Engineer.

Bombay, Municipal Executive Engineer's Office, 18th July 1889.

DELHI AND ORTHERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office at 4 o'clock p. m. on MONDAY, the 29th day of July, instant, in order to submit to the shareholders two agreements, either of which the Directors are prepared to enter into on behalf of the Company for the management of its business.

One agreement is with Messrs. VOLKART BROTHERS, to be Secretaries and Treasurers for the period of one year.

The other agreement is with Mr. JOHN MARSHALL, to be Secretary and Treasurer for the same period.

The terms of each agreement have been circulated to the shareholders for their information.

The shareholders at the meeting will be asked whether they sanction either, and if so, which, agreement, subject to details being added at the Directors' discretion.—Dated this 18th day of July 1889.

By order of the Directors,

LANG, MOIR & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers of the Company.

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(GERSTETNER'S PATENT.)

TO BE SOLD.

A SMALL Consignment of CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's Patent), complete with ink, roller, inking board, pencil, and a supply of prepared paper, in case. Size of slab: 8½ inches by 6 inches.

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BOOK DEPARTMENT.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS received on the 17th July FOR SALE and CIRCULATION.

	High Price. Rs. a.	Low Price. Rs. a.
BIOGRAPHY.		
Life of the Marquess Wellesley, K. G. (Statesman Series); by Colonel G. B. Malleson, C.S.I.	1 14	1 7
FICTION.		
Child of Stafferton; by W. J. Knox Little	0 12	0 9
Fifty Years on the Trail; by Harrington O'Reilly	2 10	2 0
Husbands and Wives; by E. J. Worboise	2 10	2 0
Johnny Ludlow; by Mrs. Henry Wood	2 10	2 0
Jones's Journey to Paris	0 12	0 9
Lady Car: the Sequel of a Life; by Mrs. Oliphant	4 8	3 8
Marl Pit Mystery; by G. Ohnet	2 10	2 0
Suburb of Yeddo; by the late J. A. Purcell	1 14	1 7
Search for Basil; by Lyndhurst, 3 Vols	23 10	18 0
Something to Read; Journal for Single and Married Everywhere	1 2	0 14
Wrong Box; by R. L. Stevenson and Lloyd Osbourne	3 12	2 14
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Blots and Blemishes	0 12	0 9
Days with Industrials; by A. H. Jopp, LL.D., F.R.S.E	4 8	3 8
Fires in Theatres; by Eyre M. Shaw	2 4	1 12
Lectures on the Principles and Practice of Medicine ("The Liver"); by Lionel S. Beale, M.B., F.R.S.	3 12	2 14
Land of the Dragon; by W S Percival H B M's Civil Service, China	9 0	6 12
Pastry Cook and Confectioner's Guide; by R. Wells	1 8	1 2
Reminiscences of Half a Century; by William Glover	7 14	6 0
Works of William Shakespear; by the Editor of "Chandos Classics"	1 14	1 7
War Scare in Europe	1 14	1 7
POETRY.		
Poems by Charles Kingsley	1 2	0 14
Salt Cellars, being a Collection of Proverbs, together with Homely Notes thereon; by C. H. Spurgeon, Vol I.	2 10	2 0
Tragedy of Faustus; by Johann Waffgang von Goethe, translated by A. H. Huth	3 12	2 14

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HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"KIDD AND SHADBOLT'S" WHISKY as supplied to the Bombay Clubs. Fresh shipments received monthly by the Agents, PHIPSON and Co.

DELICIOUS TEAS from Col. Hawes' Tea Estate. FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE, EXTRA FINE ORANGE PEKOE, and UNSORTED ORANGE PEKOE at Re. 1-12, 1-10, and 1-6 per lb. respectively. These Teas possess exquisitely delicate flavour. Liberal Discount to large buyers. MORTON MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE at Bennett's Auction to-morrow a well-bred Chesnut WALER GELDING, 7 years, 15-1½, ridden regularly with the Bombay Light Horse. Owner left Bombay.

EVERYONE says that our Crockery, Cutlery, and Glassware are very reasonable and is a great convenience to Europeans in India to get at one market price. Cheapest house.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

TO BE LET—Ridge, Malabar Hill, a Furnished House for three months from 1st August. Rent Rs. 130. Apply No. 560, care of this Office.

POONA.—BUNGALOW near Club, fully furnished, to 1st October. 2 Bed, Dressing, and Bath Rooms, 3 Stalls, Coach House. Rent, including 5 Servants, Rs. 400. Apply P., 10th N. I. Lines, Poona.

TUITION GIVEN in respectable families by a respectable Parsee U. G. of 4 years' standing. Best references. Please write to "TUTOR," care of this paper.

RS. 5 REWARD.—LOST on Wednesday evening, between the Indo-British Institution and Cumballa Hill, a lady's black silk Umbrella with crook handle of black carved wood. W. E. HART, Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill.

WANTED—A Respectable European ASSISTANT having Mercantile experience, one able to work up a business. Salary Rs. 100 with good prospects. Apply with testimonials to N. M. B. Ld., care of this paper.

A LADY, having studied in Paris and London, wishes to give LESSONS in French and Singing. For terms, address BONZOUR, care of this paper.

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THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION POLICIES. Absolute security and low rates of Premia. Apply to the Agents, Messrs. C. H. B. FORBES & Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

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THE RAMSAY PELHAM BIT—The Newest and Best Polo Bit invented, Nickel Silver on Steel Rs. 7-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents,

GUINNESS' STOUT, bottled by T. P., Griffin & Co., London, as supplied to the P. and O. Steamers. Bombay Agents:—Phipson & Co.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints on a slab 8½ inches by 6 inches. Very useful for printing circulars, etc. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at the *Gazette* Office.

THE only Firm who undertake repairing and Tuning Patent Aristons and keep repairing materials in stock is STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

CRICKET BATS.—Cobbett, Rs. 10; Lily-white, Rs. 10; Special Driver, Rs. 14-8, Jeffries in Spring, Rs. 13-8; Duke, Rs. 8-4; Ayres, Rs. 8-4; the Star, Rs. 11.—WRIGHT AND CO., Mint Road, Fort.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road opposite Bombay Club.

FOR SALE.—A Consignment of GOOD MACHINE BLACK PRINTING INK, in 50 lb. drums, English manufacture. For price, &c., apply to "X.," at this office.

RS. 34-8 per month for two years will secure you a brand new SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANO. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE—The property of the late Mr. J. L. GREAVES—Fire Apparatus complete, Banding of sorts, Shepherd's Pulleys. Offers will be received by Administrator-General, High Court, Bombay, who will also give full details.

JUST OPENED.—COLORED OTTOMAN SILKS, beautifully Soft Texture, in the NEWEST and most FASHIONABLE Shades, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S, Milliner and Dressmaker, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A Second-hand DOUBLE ROYAL MACHINE, of Connisbee's Improved Mains Patent, by Harrild and Sons, London, in good working order, prints a forme of matter 40 by 27, size of table, inside bearers 46 by 37 inches.—Apply to "Z.," care of this paper.

JUST opened a Fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadows Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO-PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to "IMPORTER," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000. Rs. a.	Per 100. Rs. a.
Thomson's Prime	22 0	2 8
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Do. No. 1	18 0	2 0
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Do. No. 3	18 0	2 0
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	Per 1,000. Rs. a.	Per 100. Rs. a.
Indianas (Cigars)	27 0	3 0
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Babingtons	20 0	2 4
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Office	14 0	

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J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

THE RATE of INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one year is to-day INCREASED from 4½ per cent. per annum to 5 per cent. per annum.

By order of the Court of Directors,

J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

Bombay, 1st June 1889.

NOTICE.

MR. NISSIM SALAH EZRA has been AUTHORIZED to sign our firm from this date.

E D. SASSOON & Co.

Bombay, 8th July 1889.

NOTICE.

I, the undersigned, have been APPOINTED SURVEYOR to BUREAU VERITAS and AGENT and SURVEYOR to the Record of American and Foreign Shipping.

WM. CROWDER,
Associate of the Institution of Naval Architects.

1, Ash Lane, 15th July 1889.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the construction of NEW DEFENCE OFFICERS' QUARTERS at Upper Colaba, of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defence, Middle Colaba.

2. Tenders, which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 300 as earnest-money, will be received at 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, 24th July, 1889.

3. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Capt.,
Exec. Engr., Bombay Defences.

Bombay Defence's Office, Middle Colaba, 13th July, 1889

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS claiming to be Creditors of REUBEN DAVID ISRAEL, of Bombay, Jew, residing at Parel Road, are required on or before the 4th day of August 1889 to furnish particulars of their claims and to produce the securities (if any) held by them in respect of such claims, to Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co. of Bombay, Merchants, to whom the said Reuben David Israel has in consequence of his advanced age entrusted the management and conduct of his business affairs, and who will not recognise any claims not so sent in. Dated this 4th day of July 1889.

HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Attorneys for the said Reuben David Israel.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866," Notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of, or otherwise having any claims upon or against the estate of EDWARDS WERGE, late of Satara in the Bombay Presidency, a Captain in the 22nd Bombay Native Infantry, European, deceased (who died intestate at Satara on or about the 19th day of June 1886, and Letters of Administration of whose property and credits were on the 25th day of June 1889 granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to AUGUSTUS AYSHFORD CONROY and RICHARD SUEADE BROWN of Bombay, attorneys of the said Court, and two of the constituted attorneys of Fanny Werge, the mother and only next of kin of the deceased, for her use and benefit, and limited until she shall obtain letters of administration granted to her, to have effect throughout the Bombay Presidency) are required to send to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Augustus Ayshford Conroy and Richard Sueade Brown, on their behalf, at their office in Apollo Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased, so as to reach the said office on or before the 10th day of August 18-9, as after that date the said Augustus Ayshford Conroy and Richard Sueade Brown as such administrators will pay or remit the assets of the said deceased then in their hands to the said Fanny Werge as the person thereto entitled; or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrators shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.—Dated this 27th day of June 1889.

HORE, CONROY, AND BROWN,
Administrator's Solicitors.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

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RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

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RESERVE FUND £100,000

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NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, Ld.
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Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

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For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

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H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

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Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

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ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

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CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralagia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera in its most terrible forms or Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain. His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell's Street Bloomsbury London.

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.

Important to Invalids!

H. & T. KIRBY & CO.'S PREPARATIONS possess the vitalizing and energizing properties of this Drug in a state of great activity. The Phosphorus being retained in them unoxidised, it is quickly assimilated and, if taken daily with food, supplies the brain and spinal cord with its proper Pabulum.

In this form it is powerfully remedial, effecting cures in apparently hopeless cases, after all other medicines had failed, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or excess. Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.

Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.

For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.

This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.

This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.

Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.

AGENTS:—CALCUTTA—Naylor, Son, Grimes & Co.; BOMBAY and POONA—Treacher & Co., Limited; BOMBAY—Cooper, Madon & Co., Limited; ALAHABAD—Lyell & Co.; MADRAS—E. W. Smith & Co.

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., Limited, 14, Newman Street, London, W.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'S COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'S PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Biliousness and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them; an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

DR. DE ROOS'S WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ, OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Spermatorrhœa, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Debility, Incapacity, Loss of Memory, and all those diseases for which Mercury, Sarsaparilla, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter destruction of the sufferer's health. To the people of India, and similar enervating climates, as also all those who by indiscretion in early life, have ruined their constitutions, this miraculous life-reviving tonic will give, as it were, a new existence. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, speedily removes nervous fears, renovates the impaired powers of life, and gradually invigorates the most shattered constitution. Equal ly adapted for the studious and sedentary, the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price, 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle, of all the principal Merchants in India.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos's Medicines bear the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, without which none can possibly be genuine.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under special discount.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &C.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying fifty-nine Military Messes and fourteen Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
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COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
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BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	990
Bank of Bengal	42,000	200	All	10 do.	
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	1,000
					950
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai	60,000	3,125	...	17½ do.	419
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	150

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	750
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	270
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	350
Brent's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	100
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	145
Colaba Press Co.....	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	405
East India Press Co....	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,100
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	...		240
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,525
French Press Co.....	500	500	500	Rs. 80	550
Harvey & Sabapathy Khangaum Cotton Press Co	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
	240	450	All	Rs. 45	380
Manmar Manfg. Co....	1,000	250	250	Rs. 0	270
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	57½
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	445
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 0	557½
New Indian Press.....	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Prince of W. Press....	600	500	100	Rs. 30	405
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	475
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co..	100	1,100	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	00
Volkart Press.....	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	45

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,00	1,000	.	1300
Albert Edward Mills		0	500	R	425
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 3	94
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld...	1,000	500	500	...	325
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,00	1,00	..	..
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co..	4,800	12	125	...	...
Ambica S. & M. Co..	800	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	...
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	590
Bellary S. & W. Mill	871	50	500	Rs. 22½	500nom
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	60	50	50	Rs. 25	425xd
Bombay United S. & W. Co.....	90	1,00	1,00	Rs. 2	760
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	20	200	Rs. 0	140
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,50	50	50	Rs. 50	1,115
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 0	1,112½
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,00	70	70	Rs. 25	720
Connaught Mills Ld....	840	0	50	Rs. 1	670
Coorla S. & W. Ld. ...	1,00	1,000	1,00	Rs. 40	520
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,00.	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 500	555
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,035
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415	50	50	Rs. 2	700
Framjee Fetit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1 0	100	Rs. 30	595
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co.	700	150	15	Rs. 20	147½
Jazerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite ..		1 00	1,000	..	...
Kerat S. & W. Co.,	420	1,00	1,00	...	83
Kunstan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.....	1,2 0	1,00	1,00	Rs. 35	835
Laird & Bullough ... Co., Ld.	1,500	500	50	...	675
Meghat Mill Co., Ld.	70	575	50	Rs. 37	700
Mahabad Deccan S.	700	1,0 0	1,0 0	Rs. 3	700
Mfg. Co., Ld....	600	1,000	1,00	Rs. 50	1,025
Mill Cotton Mills	1,36	500	5	Rs. 2	575
Mfg. Co.,	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	327½
Greaves Mill	1,32	50	50	Rs. 2	700
Mill S. & W. Co., Original...	600	50	1		100
Increased ...	1,483	25	2	Rs. 1	
Mfg. Co Ld....	..	900	1,000	—	825
Nalloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1,0	Rs. 45	1,010
Nath S. & W.	750	1,00	1,000	Rs. 40	650
Makanjee S.	1,000	1,0	1,00	Rs. 30	700
Nidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 20	1,022½
Sind S. Bleaching	3,500	0	10	Rs. 5	147
Spas United S.	500		1,000	Rs. 100	2,100
Sri Laxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	333
Sharaia Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Vazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	137½
Vorarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,00	1,000	Rs. 75	1,675
Manecklee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,227½
Nalgaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg.	1,300	1	100		10
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,0	1,000	Rs. 25	710
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000	...	260
Oriental S. & W. Co.,	5,720		625	Rs. 10	415
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs. 2	70
Presidency Mills Co.,	743	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	1 110
Prince of Wales S. ..	2,189		125	...	45
Queen S. & W. Co.,	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	920
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld ..	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,230
Sasson S.& W.Co., Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	25	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld..	1,710	50	500	...	450
Sholapore S.& W.Co .		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,350
Soondercas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 35	460
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	290
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld	4,000	500	500	..	380
Star of India	1,000	1,00	1,000	..	905
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Ver.amgaum S.& Mfg.	800	500	500	..	..
Western India S. ..	1,200	1,00	..	Rs. 25	560

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,040
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales.....	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,900

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent.	...	£100	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent...	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	520

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ash n	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 / p.ct	200 / 150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	160
Bapty Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	92
Bombay Land Building Co., Ld.....		00	0	6 p.c.	500
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	600
Bombay Ice Co., Ld...	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	87
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,500
Do. (3rd Issue) ...	2,000	62	375	Rs.	75
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	108
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	...	...	400
Cooper, Madan Ld. ...	3,000	100	100	..	12
Deccan Paper Mills ..	1,000	500	500	Nil	470
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	165
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25	..	65
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	250	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ltd.....	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	385
Marcks & Co., Ld.....	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	83xd
Napier Hotel Co.....	300	100	100	13 p.c.	..
Napier Foundry	1,500	100	100	...	100
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	215
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	21
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 19	382½
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	100	Rs.	103
Soundy & Co., Ld.....	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	90
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	105
Telephone Co., Ld.....	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	9½
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld.....	1,500	100		Rs. 10	135
Western India Flour	000	1	125	Nil.	37
M. M. Mody & Co.....					48

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 15-0-6
Carolas	,, 2 0
Mexican Dollars	,, 225
Five-Franc Piece	,, 290
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	,, 106-8
Gold Leaf	,, 23-5
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 23-12-3
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-12
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-11
Pekin	,, 23-3

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	100½
Four-and-a-half per cent.....	104½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	108
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate.....	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....	..
City of Paris Loan	233
Port Trust Bonds.....	97½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks.....	On demand	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 4 5-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight.	1s. 4¼d.
Do. do.	4 Do do..	1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do....	1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do..	1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do..	1s. 4 15-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do..	1s. 4¾d.
Do. do.	6 Do do..	1s. 4¾d.
France.....	3 Do do....	1·72
Do.	6 Do. do..	1·73½
Calcutta.....	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days do..	99⅜
Madras	At sight	100 3-32
Do.	30 days do...	...
China	60 Do. do..	222

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 17th July, 1889.

Mean of observations at 8 *a.m.*, 10 *a.m.*, 2 *p.m.*, 4 *p.m.*, *and* 10 *p.m.*

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·510
Temperature of the Air	78·8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·6
Dew Point	77·1
Relative humidity of Air	·945
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10).	10·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day)....	81·5
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	76·8
General Directions of Wind.*..W, WNW, SE. SSE, WSW, ... W, WSW.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	332
Fall of Rain...*.....	1·21
Total fall during month	21·89
,, year	42·45
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 18th July..	0·17

* From midnight to midnight.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Novelty Theatre, Stanley Minstrel Company, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 17 :—Khiva (s), from Yokohama. Yesterday :—Taif (s), from Mauritius ; Indrani (s), Cardiff ; and Do. Balduino (s), Genoa.

VESSEL SAILED.—The Assama (s) sailed yesterday for Marseilles.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Asama left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamers Khiva and D. Balduino entered the dock yesterday.

FOUND.—A ten-dollar American note was yesterday found by a sweeper woman on the Mombadevi Road on Wednesday. The note has been forwarded to the Office of the Commissioner of Police, Byculla for identification.

ACCIDENT ON BOARDSHIP.—Tookaram Suntoo, a day-labourer employed on board the s. s. Goa, lying in this harbour, on Wednesday accidentally fell from the main deck into the hold of the vessel and was seriously injured. He is at present lying at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital under treatment.

STREET ACCIDENT.—A man while crossing the street accidentally stumbled up against a Municipal scavenging cart on Wednesday, with the result that he was knocked down, and before the driver had time to pull up, one of the wheels of the cart, passing over his right leg, fractured it. The man is at present ying under treatment at the J. J. Hospital.

LOST Rs. 100.—" Mr. M. P. Natekar requests us to insert the following :—While passing from the Bellassis Road and through Kamatteepura to the Girgaum Post Office on the 4th July I chanced to drop a note of Rs. 100. I have since got the number of the note, and it is 42627 S-57 14R. March 1887. Any one getting hold of it will oblige by returning the same to M. P. Natekar, Bellasis Road, New Chawl, Room No. 62, Byculla, Bombay.

CURRENCY NOTES FOUND.—Two currency notes for Rs. 10 each were found lying on the Bellasis Road at 6 p.m. on Wednesday last by a boy named Govind Chimajee, residing at Foras Road. Govind took the notes home, but some other boys who saw Govind pick up the notes claimed a share of the money, and not getting it told the police, who recovered the notes and forwarded the same to the office of the Commissioner of Police, Byculla, for identification.

THE SUPPOSED MURDER AT GRANT ROAD.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court, the woman, Bhyree, was brought up on remand and charged by Inspector Chislett before Mr. P. Ryan with the murder of the woman Coulsen, on or about the 3rd instant, at her residence on the Grant Road. The Magistrate, on the application of the police officer in charge of the case, postponed the hearing of the case for a fortnight, pending the conclusion of the enquiry before the Coroner.

THE EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.—The northern wall of a house belonging to Mr. Abdoola Peeroo, situated at Dongri Street, fell in on Wednesday night. At Abdool Rahimon Street the southern wall of a house also came down on Wednesday night. House No. 39 on the Bhendy Bazaar Road, owned by Sewdass Tulsidass, four stories high, fell on Wednesday night at 11 o'clock. The tenants, it appears, seeing the insecurity of the house, fortunately vacated it an hour before it fell. None of the accidents resulted in personal injury.

DISPUTE BETWEEN A CAPTAIN AND HIS ENGINEER.—Charles Patterson, third engineer of the s.s. Lepanto, appeared before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, and applied for a summons against Captain Wise, of the same ship. Patterson stated that he had succeeded in obtaining his discharge from the ship, but that the captain would not give him £8, which was due to him as salary. The Magistrate granted the summons, and as Patterson stated that the Lepanto would sail from Bombay in a day or two, it was made returnable to-day.

A FEMALE THIEF.—Yesterday a woman named Gunga, was brought up on remand and charged by Inspector George before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing a carpet-bag containing sundry gold and silver ornaments and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 270, the property of Ruttonjee Ramjee, from his residence in Khojah Street on the 25th ultimo. The accused, it appears, who was on visiting terms with the complainant's wife, on the date in question left the accused in charge of her infant at her house during the absence of her husband, and went out to fetch some medicine for the child. On her return she found the carpet-bag with its contents missing and told her husband of the missing property. He reported the matter to the police on the following day. The police after inquiry arrested the accused, and on searching her dwelling-house in the same street recovered a cloth bag containing Rs. 38, which was a portion of the contents of the carpet-bag concealed in accused's fire-place. The accused denied the charge, and stated in her defence that a man named Bhugwan asked her to keep the money concealed in her premises, but she knew that the money was stolen property, and that it belonged to the complainant, whereas Bhugwan denied all knowledge of the property. His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced her to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE BOMBAY MINT.

THE following is the statement of silver balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 17th July 1889 :—

	Rs.
Value of silver held on account of the Currency Department on the evening of the 10th July 1889	13,41,171
Value of Government silver on do. do.	14,65,810
Total	Rs. 28,06,981
Add—Silver received during the week on account of the Currency Dept.	65,813
Do. do. Government ..	4,03,856
	4,69,669
	Rs. 32,76,650
Deduct—New coin paid to the Bank of Bombay and the Reserve Treasury during the week..	2,88,073
Petty items issued for miscellaneous purposes	3,504
	2,91,577
Balance on evening of the 17th July 1889	Rs. 29,85,073

The Balance comprises—

	Rs.
Silver held on account of the Currency Department ..	9,45,416
Do. Government....	20,39,657
	Rs. 29,85,073
There is in addition awaiting assay —	
Bullion belonging to private individuals	6,70,749
Do. to Govt. ..	.....
	Rs. 6,70,749

opper coin ½ annas paid into the Copper Coin Depot from 11th to 17th July 1889 of the value of Rs..... 32,500

ATTACK OF THE OLD ENEMY.

MR. ALEXANDER AMBROSE, of Stapleton Damerham, near Salisbury, had for a long time been a martyr to rheumatism in the knee. He writes :—"I had intended to have written you before, but I have been waiting to see if an attack of the old enemy came on again. After suffering from rheumatism in my knee for weeks, and after having tried many remedies all in vain, I was in such a condition I could scarcely get about, and was afraid I should be obliged to give up my employment. At this critical period, I used St. Jacobs Oil, and I am most happy to state that the contents of less than one bottle completely cured me. That was four months ago, and I have felt no symptoms of returning stiffness or pain in the knee since. I think if I had not noticed this marvellous remedy in the paper, I should have lost the use of my knee, and been a cripple for life. I make this statement wholly and solely for the benefit of others."

Mr. Henry Ricketts, Tryn Cottages, Westbury, Gloucestershire, was a great sufferer from rheumatism lor over two years. His attacks grew so violent that he went to Bath Hospital to have the benefit of the mineral waters. In five weeks he left even worse, and his case was pronounced incurable. The he used St. Jacobs Oil. One application entirely relieved him of pain ; his health is now fully restored, and the disease has never returned.

It appears also that this remedy received no less than six gold medals during the past year at International and other Exhibitions.

"Judging from the foregoing, the introduction of St. Jacobs Oil will, no doubt, prove of incalculable value to the army of sufferers from such diseases as those enumerated, and the public will be indebted to the press for calling attention to its efficacy."

A COLLECTION of Indian timbers, resins, and fibres has been presented to the Economic Museum at Calcutta by the Forest Department.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 19.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

For Judgment.

623—Payne, G and S—Vazirbhoy Thavar vs Allibhoy Assur—Thakurdas, D and C.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

44/4670-88—Hore, C and B—Hassumbhoy Visram and others vs The B I S N Co—Craigie, L and O Part heard.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

625—Jefferson, B, D and K—Jamnabai vs Khimji Vulubhdas and others—M, D and J ; K M ; and L, S, F and N.

629—Tyebji and D—Khimchund Bahwardas vs G G Volkart and others—Payne, G and S.

630—H Bicknell—Nanabhoy Wishwanath and another vs Jadawji Camulsey and another—Payne, G and S.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

For Consent Decree.

384-88—Nanu and H.—Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia vs Premavahu—Hore, C and B

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

248-88—D S Garud, for pauper—Syed Rahimoo bin Syed Mahomed vs Muljibhai Rahim and others—Thakurdas, D and C, and in person Part heard.

358-88—Ardesir, H and D—Balkissondas Narrondas vs Suraswatibai and another—Jefferson, B, D and K.

206-88—Jefferson, B, D and K—Vias Shewram Purshotum vs Mugonlal Munore and another—M H Khan.

549-88—In person Cumroodin Chandabhai vs. Sakina boo—Chitnis and M.

324-87—Mulji, B B—Gordhandas Khatao and another vs Khetsidas Hurmookhrai—Little, S, F and N.

452-88—Roughton and B—Jan Mahomed Heerji vs Nusserwanji Ardesir Wadia—Wadia and G.

462-85—Little, S, F and N—Peetonji Bhicaji Bhacka vs Furdoonji Bhicaji Bhacka and another—Bomonji and H.

103-87—Thakurdas, D and C—Rustomji Dhunjibhoy Setna vs E C K Ollivant—Crawford and B.

9-89—Tyebji and D—Hiru Dinana vs Trimbuck Hari Fadnis and another—Chitnis and M.

47-88—Little, S, F and N—Purmanandas Jewandas vs Khimji Jewa and others—Mansuklal, D and J.

WINNING AVERAGES.

1889-90.

THE following figures up to the present date give an idea of the performances of our gentleman and professional riders :—

GENTLEMAN RIDERS.

	Won.	Lost.	Total mounts.	Percentage of wins.
Lord Binning.....	2	0	2	100·0
Mr H Welman, 13th B N I	9	2	11	81·8
Capt J Hanwell, ADC.	11	5	16	68·7
,, Phayre, ADC	2	1	3	66·2
" Mr Rowland "	2	1	3	66·2
" Mr Dorris "	3	2	5	60·0
Maj Neeld	4	3	7	57·1
Brig-Surg Gaye.....	5	4	9	55·5
Maj Hickman, R A	4	5	9	44·4
Mr Riddell, 5th Fusiliers.....	4	5	9	44·4
Capt Mahon	3	4	7	48·2
,, Wilson, ADC	2	3	5	40·0
,, Burke, KOLI ...	2	3	5	40·0
Dr Osbourne	2	3	5	40·0
Capt Learoyd.....	3	6	9	33·3
" Mr Sedley "	1	2	3	33·3
Maj Scott-Chisholme..	1	2	3	33·3
Mr Scott, 107th Regt..	2	6	8	25·0
Mr Liebenrood	1	4	5	20·0
Maj Carden	1	5	6	16·6
Mr Stephens, 14th Regt	1	6	7	14·2
Hon'ble W Cairns, Rifle Brigade.....	1	7	8	12·5
Mr Persse, Queen's Bays	1	9	10	10·0
Capt Macdougall	1	13	14	7·14
Lord W Beresford	0	2	2	·0
Capt Horne, R A.....	0	4	4	·0
,, Thomas, Wor Regt	0	4	4	·0
Mr MacCartie	0	7	7	·0
Mr Walker	0	11	11	·0

Only performances at recognized meetings have been taken into calculation, and the names of gentlemen who do not ride regularly are not shown.

PROFESSIONALS.

	Won.	Lost.	Total mounts.	Percentage of wins.
Croak	2	3	5	40·0
Robinson, J	6	10	16	37·5
Scott, James	1	5	6	16·6
Robinson, G	1	6	7	14·2
Pearson, F	1	6	7	14·2
Gibbs	1	7	8	14·5
Scott, J D	0	2	2	·0
Monahan.....	0	3	3	·0
Weatherall	0	3	3	·0

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 16.

Stopford, Major, Bo R A, from leave, from Poona.

JULY 18.

Moore, 2nd Lieut, Bl, 2nd Battn West York. Regt, on sick leave, for Dalhousie.

Kratz, Surgeon, Bengal, Medical Staff, on sick leave, for Dalhousie.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 18.

Budgen, Br-Genl, Bo, Staff, on special duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

THE services of Lieutenant E R Hartigan, 2nd Bombay Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year, on medical certificate :—

Major G B E Radcliffe, Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 3rd Class.

1st Battalion B B & C I Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The following promotion and appointment are made :—To be Captain—Lieutenant J R Greaves. To be Second Lieutenant—Color Sergeant J M Henry.

The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India :—Second Lieutenant Henry Harvey Nurse, 2nd Battalion Hampshire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 22nd Regiment Bombay Infantry,—30th December 1887.

Second Lieutenant Nurse will rank as Lieutenant in the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the 30th December 1887, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs :—Colonel C H Coles, Staff Corps, for one year. Pension service thirty-second year, commenced 9th July 1889.

The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor :—Lieutenant C F Pinney, 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, to be Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The following appointment is made :—

To be Quarter Master.—Quarter Master Surgeon Joseph Alexander Hannah.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following appointments are made :—

The Reverend G H Lewis, BA, Chaplain of St Paul's, Poona, to officiate as Garrison Chaplain at the Presidency.

The Venerable Archdeacon C F H Johnston, MA, to officiate as Chaplain of St Paul's, Poona.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

PODITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr A F Maconochie, CS, will be attached to the Political Department of the Secretariat pending further orders, and with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present duties in the Thana District.

H E the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council has been pleased to allow Mr Uttamchand Satidas, late a Mukhtiarkar in Sind, to retain his ex-officio title of "Rao Saheb."

Messrs G B Laghate and G M Sathe respectfully delivered over and received charge of the office of Reporter on the Native Press and Registrar of Native Publications on the 5th instant, before office hours.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from 1st January 1889, the date from which Mr C E Coles was deputed on service in Egypt :—

Mr W J Holland to be a Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, vice Mr Coles.

Mr J B D Adams to be a Superintendent of Police, Fourth Grade, vice Mr Holland.

Mr L H Spence to be a Superintendent of Police, Fifth Grade, vice Mr Adams.

Mr E C Cox to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, First Grade, vice Mr Spence.

Mr Dhanjisha Dadabhai to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, vice Mr Cox.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from 25th February 1889, the date from which Captain E F Marriott lost his lien on an appointment :—

Mr H G Gell to be a Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, vice Captain Marriott, and to be seconded, continuing to be Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr F L Goldsmid to be a Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, vice Mr Gell.

Mr H M Gibbs to be a Superintendent of Police Fourth Grade, vice Mr. Goldsmid.

Mr F H Warden to be a Superintendent of Police, Fifth Grade, vice Mr Gibbs.

Mr C F G Lester to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, First Grade, vice Mr. Warden.

Mr J A J Jardine to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, vice Mr. Lester, continuing on duty under the Government of India in Burma.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from 11th April 1889, consequent on the retirement of Colonel G B Simpson :—

Mr H Kennedy to be a Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, vice Colonel Simpson.

Mr H N Alexander to be a Superintendent of Police, Third Grade, vice Mr Kennedy.

Mr E V Mackay to be a Superintendent of Police, Fourth Grade, vice Mr Alexander.

Mr E C Cox to be a Superintendent of Police, Fifth Grade, vice Mr Mackey.

Mr E A Bulkley to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, First Grade, vice Mr Cox.

Mr C A B Beatty to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Grade, vice Mr Bulkley.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments of Police Probationers :—

Mr E F Green to be a Police Probationer, with effect from 11th August 1888.

Mr T J B Thatcher to be a Police Probationer, with effect from 28th March 1889.

Mr A R Maidment to be a substantive pro tem, Police Probationer, and to do duty in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr J V Cooke to be a substantive pro tem Police Probationer, and to do duty in the Khandesh District.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Chintaman Narayen Bhat, First Class Subordinate Judge under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act for the districts of Poona and Satara, to be temporarily Joint First Class Subordinate Judge at Poona, in addition to his own duties, and to invest him under Section 27 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Poona District as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

2. His Excellency in Council is also pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Narhar Gadadhar Phadke, First Class Subordinate Judge under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act for the districts of Ahmednagar and Sholapur, to be temporarily Joint First Class Subordinate Judge at Satara, in addition to his own duties, and to invest him, under Section 27 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1889, with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Satara Districts as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

Mr S A Whittle, acting Huzur Deputy Collector of Hyderabad, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the Hyderabad District.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned officers in the Khandesh District to be visitors of the District Jail at Dhulia :—

Mr A Lucas, Magistrate, First Class.

Rao Bahadur Narayan Chintaman Soman, Magistrate, First Class.

Mr W H Lucas, Assistant Collector in the district of Khandesh, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the second class in that district.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr M B Tyabji, Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the first class in the Surat District to be a visitor of the District Jail at Surat.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The following appointments of the members of the Sind Arts College Board have been approved by Government :—

Ex-Officio.

The Superintending Engineer in Sind vice the Executive Engineer, Karachi Canals.

Nominated.

Mr E Hosking vice Colonel G C Grant.

Dr P Peter

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
41, MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual Auction Sale at their rooms as follows :—

A consignment, containing 45 casks of Wolf's, Morrell's and Field's writing, copying, and fancy ink, liquid gum, quill pens, endorsing ink, &c.
1 bale containing very superfine linen cloth,
1 bale 500 doz. pocket white handkerchiefs.
2 cases prints.
1 case woollen shawls.
25 cases Griffin's sparkling pale ale in quarts.
10 cases Griffin's sparkling pale ale in mints,
A collection of samples of fancy goods, lamps, cutlery, toys, &c.
2 dozen pocket watches.
Few pieces of surx, handsome marble clocks.
1 case gents' boots, best quality.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, July 19, 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 8, APOLLO STREET.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE LANDED PROPERTY, EITHER WHOLLY OR IN MOST CONVENIENT LOTS, IN WARDEN ROAD, BREACH CANDY.

On behalf of all concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will (unless the property is previously disposed of by private contract or contracted) put up for sale by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of August next, at 3 p.m., the property under described, first in one lot under a reserved price, but if not sold in one lot, then in three unequal lots under reserved prices, viz, one of 5,394 square yards or thereabouts, including the bungalow and the greater portion of the outhouses at present standing on the premises, another of 2,754 square yards or thereabouts, and a third of 1,234 square yards or thereabouts; but if the property is not sold in one lot, or in the said three unequal lots, then in three vacant lots of 3,200 square yards or thereabouts, each measuring about 100 feet in width from north to south, and from 300 to 360 feet in depth from east to west, also under reserved prices, the bungalow and outhouses being put up for sale separately for removal of the materials.

The following is the description of the property as one lot :—

All that piece of land, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Breach Candy, on the east side of the Warden Road, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 9,518 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by a private passage separating the property under description from that of Messrs. Kessowjee Damodher and Wazjee Coorji, on the south by the property of Mr. Hormasjee Nowrojee Cooper, on the east by a private passage separating the property under description from that of Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Knight, and leading to Gowalia Tank Road, and on the west by the Warden Road, and which said piece is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay, under Nos. 331 and 333, and which messuage tenement or dwelling-house is assessed by the Municipality under Nos. 21 and 23, and was formerly in the occupation, successively, of Mr. George Cotton and Colonel Hibert, and is now in that of Mr. Haji Cassun.

For plans, conditions of sale, and other information apply to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasjee, and Dinshaw, at their office, No. 7, Rampart Row, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF LAW BOOKS.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Medows Street, opposite to Messrs. Mehrjee Johnston and Co., the law library of the late Hon'ble Sir MAXWELL MELVILL and other gentlemen.

Catalogues are published, and the books are on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, near Forbes Ice Factory, Frere Road, Mody Bay, the valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood plain and carved, french-polished household furniture, made to order, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first rate mahogany cottage piano, a handsome large marble clock by John Young, of Glasgow, striking every quarter of an hour, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., the property of JOHN BOYD, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 28th instant, at 8 a. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mahim, fine specimens of adiantum, farley wise, bensen, formosum, vellosum, &c., anthuriums, begonias, dracaenas, dieffenbachias, marontas, crotons, arborea-vitex, creepers, &c., &c. Also a few articles of furniture, the property of THOMAS BROMLEY, Esq.

No catalogues, and the plants will be on view from Wednesday, the 24th instant.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods.

On account of the concerned.

1-12 bore pin fare Breech loading gun by W. Sepers, with ammunition.

On account and risk of Hassonally Jeevajee.

HB HJ & Co.—6620—1-6—3 casks hardware.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 strong second-hand office shigram,
1 very powerful chesnut Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 handsome glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1 second-hand strong-built landau in very good order.
1 second Bay Arab galloway, quiet to ride and drive.
1 Well-bred strong landau in very good order.
ridden regularly with the Waler gelding, 7 years, 15-1½, left Bombay. Light Horse, owner
1 Second-hand strong victoria, with removable coach box
1 Gentleman's hunting saddle with bridle complete.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 1 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Church Gate Street, opposite the Cathedral, and next to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, several invoices of fancy goods, consisting of very rich Bohemian glassware, hardware, paint boxes, rich porcelain ware, such as tea sets, cheese stands, biscuit boxes, flower vases, albums, scent bottles, walking sticks, lady's companions, tobacco pipes, concertinas, accordeons, shawls, toys, plated ware, brushes, rich wash-hand table furniture, and many other sundry articles, too numerous to describe.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of 8 very valuable vacant plots of land at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club, suitable for building purposes.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following 8 plots of valuable land :—

Lot No. 1—2370 1-9 sqr yds		Lot No. 5—1527 5-9 sqr yds.	
,, 2—1350	,,	,, 6—1685	,,
,, 3—1379 1-9	,,	,, 7—1927 5-9	,,
,, 4—1726 4-9	,,	,, 8—1490 4-9	,,

For further particulars, conditions of sale and plan apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of 8 very valuable vacant plots of ground at Parel Road, opposite the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institution and next to the Victoria Gardens.

Under instructions from the administrators of the estate of the late Mr. Sorabjee Jeejeebhoy, deceased, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p. m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following 8 plots of ground, suitable for building purposes :—

Lot No. 1—1537 square yds.		Lot No. 6—1400 square yds.	
,, 2—1460	,,	,, 7—1496	,,
,, 3—1539	,,	,, 8—1870	,,
,, 4—1910	,,		
,, 5—1477	,,		

For further particulars, conditions of sale, and plan apply to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, July 19, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite Messrs. Ludha, Ebram &Co., by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. P. D. Framjee, the undermentioned machinery, viz :—

1 manual fire-engine (portable), another manual fire-engine in copper tank and fly-wheel on stand, gun metal, treble bucket, ship pump, 6 railway lorries, 8-feet pully, platform weighing machine, 3 fifteen-ton hydraulic jacks, screw jacks, bear punch, 2 small engines, one box of Whitworth's taps and dies, 8 inches double-barrel force and lift pump, double blast circular Smiths' bellows, 1 drinking fountain, Macfarlain's patent rotatory pump, 5 single pillar winches, leather rolling press, contractor's lift pump, &c.

The machinery is on on view.

On MONDAY next, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at a godown, opposite to their rooms.—

A quantity of stores belonging to the torpedo boats lately arrived in Bombay, consisting of sails, ropes, rigging masts, spars, lamps, bags of biscuits, flour, tinned provisions, vinegar, knives and forks, drums and tins of oil, crockery, spoons, glassware, &c.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, ,, dhoties.
5 cases prints.
5 ,, white mulls,
5 ,, red gaagrapat.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mahomedally Adamjee—

165—281—1 case sewing needles.

On account of the concerned ex s.s. Niagara—

F T } A E } 200 boxes, each 25 bars Crosfield's Mogul soap.
& Co. }

By order of Jaitha Bhima and Co., and on account and at the risk of Arab Ally bin Aedoola—

9 parcels of inferior pearls (Kharda).

On account and at the risk of Noor Mahomed Ally Mahomed—

A S—137—1 cask knives.

On account and at the risk of Marwaree Sewdutral Goolabrai—

J S—313—399-403—5 cases printed muslin splits.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome new light victoria, with moveable coach box.
1 light English-built buggy.
1 strong serviceable office-shigram.
1 ,, second-hand double-seated brougham.
1 Scotch collie slut.
1 black and tan terrier.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nepean Sea Road, opposite the bungalow of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Nanabhai Harridas, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood plain and richly carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate large size hall organ, B. B. rifle, rich table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, handsome Hink's table and hanging lamps, rich Brussel's and Persian carpets, a large size cooking stove, strong-built office shigram, strong pony, lady's saddle, garden plants, fish aquarium with fish, handsome oil paintings, &c., the property of H. I. CHOPE, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, July 19, 1889.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

Can supply every requisite for the entire furnishing of Houses, and will be glad to send samples and designs free of charge.

18, Marine St., Bombay.

AMERICAN DENTAL ROOMS.

THOSE who suffer from offensive breath issuing from the mouth, thus causing unpleasantness in societies, can have this evil efficiently and permanently removed only by means of "Compressed Air" as discovered by Dr. Burgess and commonly used in America.—Dr. Bode, American Dental Rooms, Fort, 29, Church Street.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costivenes.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the kin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

WATERBURY WATCHES.

New styles arrived. Old styles reduced in price.

SERIES "E"—OR LONG WIND. Owing to a large expenditure on plant, which increases the daily output, these watches can now be retailed at Rs. 2 less than formerly.

Rs. 6-8

SERIES "J"—IMPROVED GENT'S WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Seconds hand, Jewelled, Gilt three-quarter plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, quick-train visible movement, duplex escapement.

Rs. 13-0 Rs. 13-0

The finest watch ever produced for the money.

SMALL SIZED LADIES' WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Jewelled, Quick train, Gilt ¾ plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, visible movement, duplex escapement.

Rs. 13-0 Rs. 13-0

A good timekeeper, attractive appearance, sure to please.

The reputation already gained for Waterbury Watches will be sufficient to assure intending purchasers that these of new make are all they are stated to be.

All watches are guaranteed for two years.

Address orders to

WATERBURY,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, OR ALLAHABAD,
OR TO SOUNDY AND CO., LD.
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
Trade terms on application.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESS.
THE
FALL OF MANDALAY,
BY
ZITO.

With which is combined a complete and practical Guide to Upper and Lower Burma.

THE Author accompanied the last Expedition under GENERAL SIR HARRY PRENDERGAST in November 1885 and remained in Upper Burma after the Conquest until June 1887.

The work will probably be ready for delivery on an early date, meantime Subscribers may register their names with

Messrs. DIPPIE & Co.
CALCUTTA.

A limited space only will be reserved in the GUIDE for advertisements, for which early application is invited.

In consequence of the difficulty in getting together reliable matter for the Guide portion of the work, and the preparation of numerous illustrations, which must be executed in England, some delay necessarily will arise in delivery. But intending Subscribers should not delay in registering their names at the above address.

DIPPIE & Co.,
AGENTS & CORRESPONDENTS FOR THE AUTHOR.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE of valuable and immoveable properties at Bandora (the estate of Antonio Domingos de Souza).

By order of the Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 344 of 1881 of the High Court of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., at their Auction Room, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, the following valuable landed properties, viz :—

Lot No. 1—All that piece or parcel of land, together with a well therein, and mango trees thereon, situate at Bandora, in Tanna, containing by recent admeasurement 6,564 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north partly by the property of Pestonjee Dadabhoy and partly by the property of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, on the south by the property of Mr. Menist, on the east partly by the property of Daniel Jao Parel and partly by the property of Thomas Evas Parel and Phillip Francis Parel, and on the west partly by a Gowan or public passage and partly by the property of Mr. Menist.

Lot No. 2—All that piece or parcel of vacant varkas land, situate at Bandora, within the registration district of Tanna, containing by recent admeasurement 165 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north partly by the property of D. Fernandes and partly by the property of S. Pereira, on the south by the property of P. Xavier, on the east by the property of Louis Mesquita, and on the west by the property of Philip Pereira, and which said land is registered under Survey No. 280.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, the Vendor's Solicitors, at their office, at the Standard Building, Hornby Row, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 19th July, 1889.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 18.

WE repeat the quotations given in our report of last evening for the English and French Funds, no further change having been made in them yesterday. Silver also remained at 42 1-16d. per oz. in London, and Indian Securities, Rupee and Sterling, were unaltered. The Exchange Banks put down their buying rate on India at 30 days' sight 1-16d., making it Is. 3 15-16d.

At the Indian Council Biddings in London yesterday both the Bills and the Transfers fetched 1-16d. less than the rates obtained by Government on the previous Wednesday, some 12½ lakhs of the former having been allotted to Calcutta and 10½ lakhs to Bombay, and 7½ lakhs of Wire Transfers to Calcutta and 5 lakhs to Bombay, at 1s. 4½d. and 1s. 4 5-32d. respectively. Madras took nothing on either line. It is notified that 35 lakhs will be offered again next week.

Linseed was dull again on the other side, but prices were quite unchanged. Rapeseed was firm at Tuesday's enhanced quotations. Wheat was quiet and unchanged in value.

Although there was more doing in Liverpool yesterday, the total sales having amounted to 10,000 bales, including 800 Surats, the market is stated to have closed easier with Surats still steady. The only change in prices, however, was an advance of 1-16d. "Fine" Broach at 5 13-16d. per lb., other spot quotations as well as those for American Arrivals remaining unaltered. The day's Imports were 6,000 bales. The Mancester Market was firm, but with only a small business doing.

In New York prices remained almost stationary, September Futures having declined one point, and August advanced to the same extent, at 10-15 cents and 10·51 cents, respectively, while the spot rate remained at 10½ cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 1,000 bales; and the total arrivals for the present season now compare with the two preceding as follows :—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Wednesday's Receipts...	1,000	8,000	...
Four days' Receipts ...	2,000	6,000	2,900
Since 1st Sept. 1888 ...	5,482,000	5,459,000	5,197,400

There has been a very quiet feeling in our local Cotton Market to-day, and no enquiry to speak of from either class of buyers for ready stuff or for contracts in the next crop. Some small purchases for the Mills, including a little Oojein at Rs. 206, have been reported, but this is all that has transpired, and though prices are called unchanged, they lack the test of actual business.

According to the official Weather and Crop Reports issued to-day, excessive rain at Dhulia still prevented the sowing of the Cotton crop, and in the Wadwan district of the same circle the plants required fine weather, though at Bhownuggur, where the rainfall had been heavier than in the above named two districts, Cotton sowing was making good progress. At Barsee, in the Omrawutee circle, also, a break in the weather was needed for weeding operations; while at Cawnpore, in the Bengal circle, the want of more rain for the plants was still felt, but from all other quarters whence advices have come they have been favourable, reporting the plants flourishing and prospects generally good.

WHEAT.—The tone of the market has continued quiet, and in presence of the continued slackness of demand, dealers have lowered their pretensions to the extent of half an anna per candy, and rather more has been doing at the decline. We now quote :—

White Pessy, 91 per cent...	Rs. 4-9-0	Rs. 4-9-6	per cwt
Do. 85 ,, ...	4- 8-0	4-8-6	,,
No. 1 Club Delhi	4- 6-0		,,
Red Delhi	4-14-6		,,
Hard and Yellow	4- 8-0	4-9-0	,,
Red Ahmedabad	4- 5-0	4-5-6	,,
Hard Red	3-14-0		,,

SEEDS.—A considerable business in *Rapeseed* is again reported and the Market has remained firm; but we make no change in our quotations for this description or for linseed, and other kinds are also unchanged in value.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	1,267	bales.
Linseed	3,338	,,
Rapeseed	8,560	,,
Poppy Seed	1,630	,,

FREIGHTS are steady in tone, but with little doing for ready shipment. The Atrato (s) has been put upon the berth for Antwerp, and has engaged about 3,000 tons of cargo at 21s. per ton. Business has also been done for Liverpool for August shipment at 20s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE.—Rates have remained unchanged throughout the day at last evening's quotations. A few Merchants' Bills have come out at 1s 4 5-16d. and a little Bank Paper has been taken also at the current rate, but business on the whole continues dull. Calcutta is reported steadier at 1s 4 15-32d for 6 months' sight Credits, but drawing rates are unchanged, with no demand for Bank Paper. We call our market steady at closing at

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 5-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4¼d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 7-32d.	,,
Credits do. ...	1s. 4 5-16d.	,,
Francs do. ...	1·71¼	,,

The weekly official statement relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 17th July 1889..	Rs.	23,06,931
Silver received during the week		4,69,699
	Rs.	32,76,630
New coin paid during the week		2,91,577
	Rs.	29,85,073
Bullion belonging to private individuals.....		6,70,749
	Rs.	36,55,822
Last week	,,	33,21,249

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been weak and declining and rates for Fours have receded 1-16 to ¼ per cent. the cash price at closing having been 100⅜, and for the two accounts at about the same decline. For 4½ per cent. Paper the quoted rate is still 104 to 104½, nominal.

SHARES.—There has been rather more passing in this market to-day, especially on the line of Mill Scrip; but the changes which we have to note in our list this evening are almost all in favour of buyers. Alliance and Colaba Land and Mill shares are Rs. 10 lower, at Rs. 590 and Rs. 720, respectively; Coorla are Rs. 5 down, at Rs. 520; Dhun at Rs. 700, James Grieves at Rs. 700, and Luckmidas Khimji at Rs. 1,022½; and Oriental Rs. 2½, at Rs. 415; Bombay United are Rs.5 up, at Rs. 760. Apollo Press shares are Rs.5 higher at Rs. 270; and Colaba at Rs. 405. Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 15 higher, at Rs. 3,500 and the others Rs. 5, at Rs. 875. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ higher, at Rs. 990 per share.

[For latest Stock and Share Prices see page 3.]

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 18th July 1889.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	18	7	2	...	27
Suez	18	6	23	1	35

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., 18th July 1889.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	13	...	1
,, Kurrachee ...	...	14	...	3
,, Madras.....	...	52	...	1

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JULY 17.

10 p.m. ... ... 78·7

THURSDAY, JULY 18.

6 a.m.	... ...	79·8
10 a.m.	... ...	79·3
2 p.m.	... ...	77·6
6 p.m.	... ...	78·2

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

WINDRAM—At Felixstowe, Suffolk, Edward Fulke, the beloved son of James and Ellen B. Windram, aged 11 years and 8 months. (By telegram.)

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

GOSS—AVRON—July 16, at St. Andrew's Church, by the Rev. T. H. Greig, Sidney Francis, second son of George H. Goss, of Lisson Grove, Plymouth, to Ida Ethel May, youngest daughter of the late Captain Henry Hunt Avron, of Bristol.—No cards.

DEATHS.

GAY—July 16, at Bombay, Ada, the wife of Harry Gay, G. I. P. Railway Co.

KINGSBURY—July 18th, at Colaba, Henrietta Catherine, the wife of E. H. Kingsbury, Bombay Pilot Service. Funeral will leave the house at 4 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

KEYES—July 11, at Gorakhpur, B and N-W Railway, the wife of James Hume Keyes, of a son.

MILES—July 2, at Jhalrapatan, Rajpootana, the wife of T W Miles, Executive Engineer, P W D, of a daughter.

SUTHERLAND—July 10, at Moradabad, the wife of A Sutherland, Esq, of a daughter.

DEATH.

ALLAN—July 15, at Madras, Amy, the dearly beloved daughter of Mrs. S Allan, and teacher at the Doveton boys' school, Madras.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

MR. HORDERN'S article in the last number of the *Universal Review* shows that he is a keen observer of many of the small details that make up the sum total of life in India. He brings vividly before our minds many small peculiarities of Indian life, which usually escape our notice owing to their very familiarity. They may have struck us when we first came to the country, but after a long residence, instead of regarding them as unusual, we accept them as if they were the necessary conditions of existence, no more to be wondered at than the air we breathe or the water we drink. But, just as such familiar objects as air and water are really wonderful, if we care to reflect upon them, so the common facts of Anglo-Indian existence, when contrasted with European home life, might afford interesting data for the student of men and manners. Some of the differences may be easily explained by reference to the climate, the soil, and the people of India, but others are very difficult to account for on reasonable grounds. Anglo-Indian life is to a large extent a compromise between occidental and oriental modes of existence. One often hears it maintained, especially by foreign critics of British India, that the Englishman ought, as far as possible, to adopt native manners and customs, and so more completely identify himself with the people among whom his life's work is laid. This plausible view is, however, open to a very serious objection. "May not the error," Mr. Hordern asks, "be on the other side? To say nothing of the banishment from India of the presence of English ladies which the theory involves, may not the habits and the tastes acquired in the English home and school and college be more intimately wedded than such theorists have time to think with all that we most admire in the best type of Englishman—with the character which has earned for the English administration in India the homage of other nations? Might not the forced severance of all such homely associations drag with it too much that is more valuable? Was the social policy of the Portuguese in India so happy that Englishmen should seek to imitate it?" At any rate the tendency has been for a long time to move in the opposite direction. Every year the improvement in communication between Europe and Asia is giving a greater preponderance to the English elements in Anglo-Indian life, until it is often now said that life in the great presidency cities of India is essentially much the same as life in England. This, however, is an exaggeration. It has been found impossible to transplant to India all the elements of English life. Even in Bombay we have still many peculiar manners and customs in Anglo-Indian Society that force themselves upon the attention of new arrivals. Up-country they are more numerous; so much so, that the mofussilite coming to Bombay or Calcutta with their clubs, their streets, and shops lighted by gas and electricity, their locomotives, steam-ships, tramways, hotels, clubs, theatres, cathedrals, &c., can almost think himself once more in a European city. But it is only for a time that he can so delude himself. The fancy cannot cheat, as he is feigned to do, deceiving elf. Bombay and Calcutta, as compared with Central India, are European in appearance; but as compared with London, Edinburgh, and Paris they show distinct oriental characteristics, which may in time be diminished, but can never be entirely obliterated.

A large number of peculiarities noticeable in English life in India are collected together in Mr. Hordern's article. His treatment of the subject is exhaustive as far as it goes. He purposely omits all reference to the more serious features of Anglo-Indian life. He only cursorily alludes to "the dark shadow of the curse of India, the dividing of families—that hard choice which climate forces on the Anglo-Indian between long separation either of children from parents or of wife from husband." Dangers to life and health he does not even mention. His list is confined to rather minute details, which, however, may in the aggregate seriously affect the happiness of life; and of these he mentions only such as are disagreeable or such as he thinks to be so. His enumeration of things missed in India is intended to show how many small sources of happiness we sacrifice by coming to the East, and so indirectly in a negative way points out many positive annoyances that we have to endure here. Some of these deficiencies are almost too petty to be worth mentioning, and others may be regarded as indifferent, or even pleasurable, according to taste, but they all show traces of careful observation of Anglo-Indian life. Mr. Hordern laments that in India there are no bells and, still worse, no housemaids to answer bells in Indian bungalows. It is, he thinks, a sad subject for regret that we have to do without the gentle ministrations of Mary Jane with her fresh face and neat clean dress. Indian servants do not please him. "Attendance bad" is the verdict pronounced upon the Indian waiter, and an amusing description is given of his sometimes annoying officiousness. "His sins are not sins of omission. It is what he does, not what he leaves undone, that drives you to despair. A good waiter should be as little as possible *en evidence*: the Indian waiter is always obtrusively *en evidence*: he does not 'wait;' he feeds you. Taking up the position of knight to king on the chessboard, he follows your every movement; he knows your tricks of manner, reads every shade of your thoughts, and brings to bear on you without intermission the mesmeric influence of his fishy eye. Again and again, before you know you have paused, the dish is brought to you till refused; and the same persistant goading is followed with each successor, till at last you lose all heart, and yourself long to put an end to the weary meal. How trying this becomes when the nerves have been weakened by climate is known only to the long-suffering old Indian who endures it." This is all so true that we wish some one would translate it into the vernacular for the benefit of our sable attendants and of ourselves. But, after all, it is not fair to concentrate the attention on one particular weak point in judging of a class of men. Even the English housemaid is by no means a perfect being, and many pages might be written, and have been written, on the subject of her delinquencies. If in India we miss English fires and neat-capped English housemaids to mind them, it is equally true that often in England the retired madam saheb, driven distracted by domestic worries, tears her hair and sighs for her old Indian servants. Let us now go on to other things missed in India. There is, no doubt, a great want of privacy in Indian houses, constructed as they are to welcome the slightest breeze that blows. When Mr. Hordern was quartered in the City of Palaces, and in one of the finest of the houses to which that misnomer is due, the publicity of life, he complains, oppressed him far more than heat, or dust, or insects, or unsavoury air. "Every room in the house seemed to be only a succession of doors and windows—huge folding doors, scarce two yards from each other, opening on to passage or verandah. No door seemed ever to be shut." And through these open, unlockable, often unshutable doors come with catlike tread, without a warning knock, bare-footed attendants, who silently scan us at our work or recreation long before we are apprised of their presence by their fictitious coughs. We have no privacy, no locks, no knocks, and only the skeletons of windows. "Call to mind for a moment that English window-seat, opening on a bower of roses and jessamine, where you idled as a boy ignorant of your happiness. Think of its pretty curtains and fringes, its trim blind and cord, its clean painted shutters. Then compare with this the window even of a drawing-room in India. Faded lace curtain there may be, but there ends the faint ghostly similitude. The window blind on its roller is a phenomenon as unseen in India as the knock at the door is unheard; instead of the neatly folding shutters, we have clumsy, heavily made venetians opening outwards, and clumsily folding glass-doors closed with heavy iron bars; for the rest the window is in most cases a bare blank framework as in a house half built." This is all very well. There are, no doubt, such windows in India and in England. But it is hardly fair to contrast the prettiest English with the ugliest Indian window. Let us reverse the contrast in the same unfair way, remembering that usually in India we sit outside instead of inside our windows. "Call to mind for a moment," let us reply, "that comfortable long chair in your deep cool Indian verandah, where without rising from your recumbent position you could look through a screen of waving boughs across the blue waves of Back Bay dotted over with the white sails of fishing-boats to the public buildings of Bombay, with all their features clearly defined in spite of distance through the crystal air and to the varied outlines of the Deccan hills softened by distance in the back ground, or think of the views displayed to those who look down from bungalows at Matheran and Mahableshwar on the Concan plains two or three thousand feet below. Then compare with this the window even of a drawing-room in Bayswater, closed tight on account of the rain and the cold, so as to shut out every breath of fresh air. A grimy mixture of rain and soot trickles over the outside of the panes, so that you can scarcely discern through the dirty glass the blackened frontage of the other side of the street, the smoke-choked foliage of the two or three bushes growing near the area bell, the umbrellas of the well-to-do, and the poor organ grinder or street Arab shivering, coughing, and blowing his nose as he stands unprotected in the pelting rain." Both contrasts are equally true and equally false, because they are not arrived at by opposing the best to the best, the average to the average, and the worst to the worst. Many of these advantages have to be sacrificed when we leave India temporarily and for ever, and their loss causes many a deep-drawn sigh of regret. Mr. Hordern is an ingenious writer endowed with no inconsiderable descriptive powers, and we are sure that, if he set himself to the task, he might supplement his article on things missed in India by an equally readable article on the number of things missed in England.

ACCORDING to a communication from Dr. Fritz Noetling, palæontologist attached to the Government Survey of India, the oil-fields of Twingoung and Beme, in Upper Burma, yield 200,000 gallons of oil per month—a quantity which, though insignificant as compared with the yield of the American or Russian oil-fields, is encouraging. It appears that within the past few months the prospects of the Burmese fields have materially brightened. The oil-bearing strata have been traced over a large area, only a very small part of which has been exploited, and that in a most unscientific way. The oil-bearing strata are now know to extend, roughly speaking, over an area of not less than a hundred square miles. Dr. Noetling concludes that the oil-fields of Burma, if worked rationally and methodically, will pay well enough, and that in future the oil industry will rank amongst the most important mineral industries of Burma. Shareholders in Burma oil mines, he says, will get a much better profit out of their shares "than the 300 holders who are lucky—or may I say unlucky?—enough to be the owners of Burma ruby mine shares will get out of theirs."

THE later editions of the home papers by last mail contain accounts of the loss, or supposed loss, of Her Majesty's screw survey vessel Dart off the New Zealand coast. The vessel, an excellent sea-boat and recently refitted, left Auckland with fifty-four hands on June 5 bound for Sydney. The weather was heavy when the vessel left port and became worse shortly afterwards. Some days later a life-boat bearing the name of the Dart and containing provisions was washed ashore at North Cape, New Zealand. The Dart was, therefore, given up as lost, but we learn from Sydney that the Dart arrived there on the 30th ultimo, having encountered heavy seas which drove her out of her course and account for her detention. The news of the vessel's safety reached England two days after the departure of last mail, and the Siam on Sunday evening should bring us details of her experiences.

AN effort is being made by the students and scholars of outlying stations attending colleges or schools in Bombay to induce the B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities to grant them privileges similar to those granted by the G. I. P. R. It appears that on the latter "scholars or students of any age attending any educational establishment between Bombay and Kalyan, both inclusive, and teachers at any such establishments" are charged at half the full rates. On the B. B. and C. I. the age is limited to eighteen years; teachers are granted no privileges, and the concession does not apply to students attending courses higher than the matriculation class. We are asked to support the plea of the students and to lay their grievance before the shareholders and the public. We do not, however, deem it necessary to do more than recommend the students to lay their case fairly before the Agent and the Traffic Manager in Bombay, who, we are sure, will consider their representations carefully, and, if possible, comply with their request.

FROM the annual report on the working of the Indian Companies Act for 1888-89 in Bombay it appears that in all 580 documents were registered, including memoranda and articles of association of twenty-eight new companies and two societies newly registered. According to the return it appears that there are now registered under the Companies Act, 13 banking and loan companies 25, trading companies, 130 mills and presses, 1 planting company, 1 mining and quarrying, 6 ice-manufacturing, and 48 miscellaneous. Of the 28 new companies, 16 are mills or presses, 1 banking, 2 trading companies, 1 ice, and 8 miscellaneous.

THE Municipal Corporation yesterday afternoon discussed the necessity of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company erecting a foot-bridge over the railway to the south of Charni Road station. It was pointed out how many people had to cross and recross the railway to and from Kennedy Seaface daily, and how on holidays the number of natives who passed the narrow gate numbered many thousands, rendering it exceedingly dangerous for them. The President was authorised to request Government to move the railway company to delay no longer in erecting a foot-bridge.

RIVIERA, the winner of the Portland Stakes on Tuesday, a. b. f. by Isonomy out of St. Marguerette, distinguished himself by winning the Windsor Castle Stakes at Ascot three weeks ago, whilst at the same meeting Formidable, a half-sister of Riviera, won the Queen's Stand Plate.

DR. P. PETERSON, acting Principal of Elphinstone College, has been granted three months' privilege leave on full pay.

THE following appointments of the [Sind Arts College Board have been approved by Government :—Ex-officio : the Superintending Engineer in Sind, *vice* the Executive Eng

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

RUSSIA AND SERVIA.

LONDON, JULY 18.

The *Times'* Vienna correspondent wires this morning that a party of eighteen Russian officers is now in Servia inspecting the frontier fortresses. The Russian Government, says the correspondent, is cognisant of their presence and procedure.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

RACE FOR THE PORTLAND STAKES.

LONDON, JULY 17.

The following is the result of the race for the Portland Stakes of 6,000 sovereigns for two-year-olds, run at Leicester to-day :—

Mr. Henry Milner's Riviera 1
Baron Rothschild's Heaume 2
Lord Rodney's Formidable 3

THE DERVISHES.

CAIRO, JULY 17.

Latest advices from the front state that the Cavalry continue to harass the Dervishes, who, however, have not moved from the position they lately took up. If they advance, a decisive battle somewhere to the south of Korosko is certain.

THE FORTHCOMING NAVAL REVIEW.

LONDON, JULY 18.

The mobilization of the British Navy at Spithead, preparatory to the Grand Review, which takes place next month before the Emperor of Germany and the subsequent great naval manœuvres, begins to-day.

THE ROYAL GRANTS QUESTION.

It is understood that Mr. Gladstone has proposed a compromise in the question of grants to members of the Royal Family by giving His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales £40,000 extra yearly, making a total of £80,000 per annum.

ELECTION NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 18.

Mr. Lloyd Morgan, the Gladstonian Liberal ...didate, has been elected member for West ...arthen in the place of the deceased member, ...Valter R. H. Powell, defeating Mr. Drum... ...he Conservative candidate, by a majority ...nteen hundred votes.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 18.

...ss a vacancy occurs in the meantime in his ...ent, Lord William Beresford has been per... ...d to retain the Military Secretaryship till ...ember next year. The War Office has decided ...bolish the present system of brigade in the ...oyal Artillery, and single letters and numbers ...will be used instead. Thus the Horse Artillery batteries will be A. B. C. through the alphabet, and the field batteries will be simply first, second, third, and so on. Mountain batteries are to be organized as a distinct branch, and changes will also be made in the nomenclature of garrison batteries.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT ON THE G. I. P. R

TWENTY-ONE PERSONS INJURED.

[OFFICIAL REPORT.]

ETARSEE, JULY 18.

Mr. Conder, General Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. Railway, wires to us from Etarsee as follows : —A passenger train was derailed near Nandura (Berars) about two o'clock this morning.

Twelve native passengers and one European were slightly hurt, while eight other native passengers were more seriously injured.

All were able to be removed to their houses after their wounds had been dressed, with the exception of three, who have been conveyed for treatment to the hospital at Sheagaum.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JULY 17.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this evening.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 17.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Buchanan left here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera.....	4½
The Manchester Market has been firm with only a small business doing.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight ...	1-3 15-16
2½ per cent. Consols for account	98⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes.....	84½
4 per cent. Rupee paper.....	67⅛
4½ per cent. „	69⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan.....	108
Bar Silver	42 1-16

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

(JULY 18.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect. Bangkok-Saigon interrupted.

Cable between Java and Sumatra interrupted. Telegrams to and from Sumatra will be carried by steamer leaving Anjer daily.

Mauritius mail closes at Durban on the noon of Friday, July 19th.

MR. OMMANNEY'S NOTE.

Native Opinion reviews on Mr. Ommanney's note :—Mr. Ommanney's note, which was not intended by him for the public gaze, is not naturally written with that care and caution which every body bestows upon a document which is intended for publication, and we, therefore, see in it some general assertions which are inaccurate. Probably the writer himself did not mean to convey such sweeping remarks by the phrases he uses. They must of a necessity be interpreted to apply only to those individuals who came under his personal observation, and we think a document like that ought to be construed as charitably as possible. Whatever the nature of the circumstances which brought this confidential document out in the public we are glad it has received such a wide publication. It lays bare the core as it were of the evil, and makes a fitting commentary on the whole matter. The note is not only very instructive on account of the incidents it deals with, but its real value consists in the observations which Mr. Ommanney lets fall from time to time. No one class of our countrymen has any right to be angry with him. There are black sheep in every fold, but no body would say that they represent the whole fold. Where even successive administrations have failed, it is no wonder that individuals should fail. Our only regret is that the prophetic warnings of the old-fashioned natives referred to by the Inspector-General should have turned to be so correct, and those who went forth and confessed should have become objects of ridicule to those who kept their own counsel. Those who told the truth, and thereby assisted in the exposure, have come to grief ; while those who kept silent are in the full enjoyment of all that they have purchased.

PORTUGUESE INDIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, JULY 13.

AFTER an anxious suspense of four months, the order of the Governor-General directs Senhor Nuno Cabral da Camara, the Governor of Diu, and Senhor Leonardo Paulo do Rozario, the Secretary, to rejoin the appointments from which they were suspended owing to charges being brought against them. An inquiry was opened at Diu by Senhor Mousinho d'Albuquerque, the Chief Secretary to the Government, but the sudden departure of the late Governor-General from here necessitated the recall of the Chief Secretary from Diu before the inquiry was closed. It has not transpired what has been done since the Chief Secretary returned to Goa, but from the text of the order it is obvious that the accused have not been fully acquitted of the charges that were brought against them. The order sets forth that some of the charges not having been proved against the accused they are reverted to their respective appointments. Well, the accused have received the benefit of doubt in some of the charges, but what of the other charges which have not been refuted ?

Senhor Vasco Guedes has been promoted from the rank of Brigadier-General to that of General of the Division since his appointment to the Governor-Generalship of Goa.

Government have sanctioned the expenditure of Rs. 5,000 for a Meteorological Observatory, which is to be erected on the Hill Conceiçao at Pangim.

The sympathy evoked by the death of Dr. Jose Ribeiro has received practical demonstration by the establishment of a scholarship by an anonymous donor to perpetuate his name. A meeting was also held by the professors of the Medical College, and subscriptions are being collected to establish a prize which is to be awarded to a medical student who may pass with the highest distinction.

Miss E. Hoogwerf, lately connected with the female branch of the Santa Cruz School, has opened an English school in Pangim for girls and another one for boys under the superintendence of an English teacher.

Senhor Arez, our Abkari Commissioner, who lately returned from Bombay, has adjusted the account with the Bombay Custom House in accordance with the Customs Union Act, and the share from the Customs revenue due to the Goa Government for the last two years has been settled at two and a half lakhs of rupees, which amount is yet to be received from the British Government. Speaking on money matters, I may just mention that on the 27th June the Financial Council examined the treasury account, and found a cash balance of over six lakhs of rupees. This large accumulation of money is due to the recovery of old taxes due for the last 70 years or so, and which were allowed to outstand by the complaisant collectors of taxes from rich and influential persons.

MADRAS AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY.

THE second half-yearly competition of the Amateur Photographic Society of Madras for medals, &c., recently took place, and the judges' awards are as follows :—

For Large Pictures.—T. M. Horsfall, silver medal ; F. B. Hanna, bronze medal.

For Small Pictures.—F. B. Hanna, silver medal ; R. H. Cama, bronze medal ; A. L. Dixon and J. W. Cassels, certificates of merit.

For Enlargements.—W. G. Pavey, silver medal.

For Lantern Slides.—F. Dunsterville, special certificate, 1st prize ; F. B. Hanna, special certificate, 2nd prize.

No medals were awarded for lantern slides, as both Mr. Dunsterville and Mr. Hanna had received a silver and bronze medal in the present year.

MARINE COURT OF INQUIRY.

OWING to the unavoidable absence of Captain Potts one of the members of the Court appointed by Government, the Marine Court of Inquiry, which was to have assembled at the Esplanade Police Court to inquire into the circumstances under which the Bombay and Persian S. N. Co.'s steamer Henry Bolokow stranded near Sunkin in May last, was adjourned by the President, Mr. C. P. Cooper, until Monday at noon Mr. F. A. Little, the Public Prosecutor, will lead the evidence, and Mr. Burder will appear on behalf of the owners and captain of the ship.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 18.—Pressure has changed rather irregularly, and the barometer has risen in Tenaserim, several stations on the east and south of the Peninsula, and the north-west of Punjab ; and elsewhere it has fallen. The changes are almost everywhere small. The large low-pressure area which covered the north-west of the Bay, the Circars, and the east of the Central Provinces yesterday, is passing slowly westward, but the storm centre, which lay off the Orissa coast, is apparently filling up. Winds are cyclonic around the depression, but elsewhere normal. Monsoon is blowing strongly on the West Coast. The mean temperature is high, except in Madras, where it is trifling. The deficiency in the rainfall distribution is similar to yesterday's, but rain is more general in Bengal.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.		Fort.		Esplanade.		Colaba.	
	In. cts.		In. cts.		In. cts.		In. cts.	
Previously registered.	44	34	50	10	45	12	41	24
July 17, Wednesday...	...		...		...		1	12
„ 18, Thursday	3	61	4	0	3	45	...	
Total...	47	95	54	10	48	57	42	45
Total of corresponding date last year...	38	69	32	77	36	45	37	2
Total of corresponding date of 1887 ...	52	35	51	57	48	19	49	98

RAINFALL ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line up to the week ending the 15th July :—

	In. cts.			In. cts.	
Bandora	35	1	Baroda	13	44
Panjoo	42	70	Mehmadabad	13	9
Vaiturna	47	85	Ahmedabad	9	83
Palghur.....	51	47	Viramgam.....	14	16
Gholvad	33	48	Wadhwan	9	9
Damaun	37	79	Dabhoi	16	9
Bulsar	27	20	Sevalia	15	11
Navsari.....	24	31	Godhra	16	28
Surat.....	17	30	Kharaghola	6	9
Broach	10	1	Kim	16	86

RAINFALL ON THE B.-G.-J.-P. RAILWAY.

THE following is the return of rainfall registered at the undermentioned stations at 6 a.m. on the 16th July 1889 :—

	Ghadeshi.		Songad.		Dhola.		Chuda.		Chital.		Jetpur.	
	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.
Previously reported	15	64	7	78	21	19	9	60	15	91	12	12
On the 16th July	0	26	1	33	1	63	0	63	...		0	53*
Total up to date	15	90	9	11	22	82	10	23	15	91	12	65

* Includes 50 cents on 12th instant.

At a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society on Monday evening, the 24th ult., Dr. Nansen read a paper descriptive of the recent journey that he made across Greenland. The expedition, said Dr. Nansen, had proved that the whole of the interior of Greenland is covered by an immense shield-shaped cap of ice and snow, having in some places a thickness of five or six thousand feet. He found that a very low temperature prevailed in the interior, which fact did not agree with received meteorological opinions. Dr. Nansen expressed the opinion that this low temparature might throw a good deal of light on that much-discussed question, the cause of the great cold of the glacial period. The best way of solving the problems of the ice age was to examine places where similar conditions were now found, and no better place than Greenland could be found.

NOTES FROM BARODA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, JULY 15.

SINCE my last we are having rather eccentric weather for this time of the year instead of the proper monsoons. The days have been uncomfortably warm owing to overhanging clouds. A couple of passing showers, however, have improved the agricultural prospects, besides cooling the atmosphere in an appreciable degree. The prospects of rice, bajri, and wheat crops are very favourable in Baroda and its suburbs, as well as in Navsari and Kadi, excepting in Damnagar, where they are retarded owing to scanty rainfall. Of late there has been a partial rise in the price of rice and wheat, but from all I can gather, the prospects of food-grains are very fair, and there seems every likelihood of great change in the prices of cereals, such as would be hailed with joy by the indigent poor. Last evening and during a greater part of the night we had a good downfall that has rightly succeeded the few passing showers, and which has washed the abundant foliage of the suburbs into its brightest and loveliest green. Cholera still continues in our midst and numerous cases are reported daily, a fourth part being fatal.

His Highness the Gaekwar and suite left Poona *en route* to the Nilgherries on the 8th instant. Of late His Highness's health has not been in a satisfactory state. It is hoped a stay at that sanitarium with its cool and bracing climate will bring about a marked improvement and that His Highness will return to his capital in sound health. Owing to his continued absence from the capital, several knotty matters of importance requiring his formal orders have been kept over for the present pending his return to Baroda in October next.

Rao Bahadur Yeshwant Wasudev Athalaye, M. A., LL.B., Judicial Assistant to the Huzur, joins His Highness's camp as chief officer in attendance.

It is stated that the promotion papers of officers of the State Army, which have been duly passed by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, have been submitted to His Highness, whose formal sanction and approval are still awaited. It need be said that the papers were submitted twice and thrice returned for modifications, and that unnecessary delay in the final settlement is inconvenient to all parties concerned. The officers who have been recommended for promotion have been serving the State these five and twenty years past, and if no encouragement is shown them in the way of a small increment they cannot be expected to render future service. It may be noted here that each captain, with a very few expectations, has brought his corps to a very high standard of efficiency, and the present is the most opportune time for rewarding old servants.

In spite of several energetic protests having been made to His Highness, Mr. Anna Bhivrao has been retransferred to the Military Department, relieving Khan Bahadur Jamshedjee Dorabjee, Military Secretary. It is much to be regretted that such an able officer should have been transferred from the military. He has won the esteem and confidence of the people by his courteous and affable manners and strict love of justice. Everybody is against his transfer, but since the present state of affairs in the military are very far from satisfactory, it is perhaps no matter for regret to Mr. Jamshedjee. A wedding—the outcome of last year's season—is to take place to-morrow at St James' Church, when Mr. L. Philipps of our Ajwa Water Works, and Miss Lynn, eldest daughter of Captain Lynn, of the State Army, are going to be made happy.

THE STAFF OF THE ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Presidency College has of late become subject to much complaint, and has been represented as an institution not working in good order. Either, then, the machinery is at fault or that the stuff to be manufactured is rotten. The present system of education in India does not make the latter improbable. It is only ridiculous to say that graduates from universities at home are unequal to the task of enlightening the Indian student. It is ten to one a fresh youth from school fails to understand a clever Oxonian or a Zampeterian to boot, and rumours abroad that the College staff is no good. This difficulty is very well removed at the Elphinstone College by appointing Fellows (native graduates of the Bombay University) to teach the Freshmen. The first and the second B.A. men have greatly to depend on self-help, and they alone are dissatisfied who are not so inclined to work.

If the staff of the Elphinstone College is really found to be incompetent, the whole college will raise a protest against it. But so long as it is not so, the few who make a noise can be compared to "half a dozen grasshoppers under a fern, who make the field ring with their importunate chink, while thousands of great cattle chew the cud and are silent ;" and let it be said that these noise-makers are not the only inhabitants of the field.

I write this that the public may not be deceived by their empty vaunts, and to do justice to the professors, their quality is far superior to the requirements of the student,—Yours, &c., E.

MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL C. H. COLES, S.C., has been granted leave out of India for a year.

CAPTAIN F. S. GWATKIN, 13th Bengal Lancers, as District Staff Officer, 2nd class.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. J. WALTER, 8th Bengal Infantry, goes home on sick leave.

MAJOR T. J. BAILEY, 1st Bengal Infantry, to the 40th Bengal Infantry, as Second-in-command.

LIEUTENANT C. F. PINNEY, 3rd Rifle Brigade, has been appointed extra A. D. C. to H. E. the Governor.

LIEUTENANT A. GRANT, 2nd Battalion 4th Gurkhas, as permanent Wing Commander in his regiment.

MAJOR G. B. E. Radcliffe, S.C., Assistant Commissary General, has been allowed furlough for one year.

SECOND LIEUTENANT H. H. NURSE, 2nd Hampshire Regiment, has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps.

MAJOR J. C. T. HUMPREY, 2nd Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry, to the 1st Dragoon Guards as Paymaster.

QUARTER-MASTER SERGEANT J. A. HANNAH, Sind Rifle Corps, has been granted a commission as Quartermaster.

MAJOR D. S. CUNINGHAME, 1st Punjab Cavalry, to the 5th Bengal Cavalry as 2nd Squadron Officer, vice Major Armstrong, vacated.

THE services of Lieut E. R. Hartigan, 2nd Bombay Infantry, have been placed at the disposal of H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief.

LIEUTENANT J. R. GREAVES has been promoted Captain, and Colour Sergeant J. M. Henry to be Second Lieutenant in the B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteers.

SECOND-LIEUTENANT J. C. D. Pinney, 2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment, joins the 1st Battalion of his regiment, pending embarkation for India next trooping season.

THE following officers remain in England on extended leave :—Major J. P. Curran, 1st Battalion Connaught Rangers, to October ; and Surgeon-Major D. C. G. Bourns, Medical Staff, to 27th September, both on medical certificate.

THE following appointments have been made :—Second-Lieutenant W. Donan, 2nd Battalion Lincolnshire Regiment, to the 19th Madras Infantry ; and Lieutenant G. E. Rogers, 1st Battalion King's Own Scottish Borderers, to the 1st Bengal Infantry, both as Staff Corps probationers.

MAJOR NISBET, C.I.E., writes the *Echo*, is the new earthly providence of the Native State of Cashmere. He is the real king of the country—under Viceregal authority, of course. He is one of the ablest officers in the military service of India. He possesses the knack of ruling without appearing to do it. As for the nominal ruler of the State, the Maharajah, he is, and has long been, an imbecile, partly through the force of heredity, but still more through vicious excesses. The transfer of Cashmere from native to English direction was long in contemplation before the so-called voluntary abdication of the Maharajah some months ago. The change is about the quietest, neatest, and most effective thing of the kind that has happened in India for many years.

THE QUEEN'S PRIZE.

THE chief event of the National Rifle Association's annual meeting at Wimbledon was decided on Tuesday, when the Queen's Prize of £250, together with the gold medal of the Association, were carried off by Serjeant Reid, of the 1st Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteers. With what score the much-coveted prize was won we do not yet know ; but it would take good shooting to beat that of last year, when out of 66 shots or a possible aggregate of 330, Private Fulton, of the 13th Middlesex, scored 280 ; or even that of the year previous, when Lieut. Warren, of the 1st Middlesex, out of the same possible, dropped only 56. For several years back each winner—as the following list of past winners will show—has been beating previous records, and it will be interesting to know how the Scotsman has fared, whether he has managed to beat last year's record or dropped beneath it. The result would, no doubt, come as a surprise, for although Sergeant Reid may have been reckoned a good shot, he has never done anything very wonderful at the shooting range either at Wimbleton, or at the Scottish Rifle Association's annual meetings at Darnley. There would be great rejoicings in Scotland when the news was telegraphed north, particularly in Glasgow, for the champion is a member of the 1st Lanark, or "The Greys," as they are sometimes called, the favourite regiment of the city. The rejoicings must have been all the greater, considering that the result must have come as a surprise, and that not since 1883, when Sergeant Mackay, of the 1st Sutherland, won the prize, has the trophy been carried beyond the Cheviots. The following are the results for the last twenty years : —

Year.	Winners.		Scores.	H.	p.	s.
1869	Cameron, A...	Corp	6th Inverness.....	71	84	
1870	Humphries ...	Pte	6th Surrey	66	84	
1871	Humphry	Ens	Cambridge Univ...	68	84	
1872	Michie	C-Srg	London Scottish...	65	84	
1873	Menzes	Srg	Queen's Edinburg...	60	84	
1874	Atkinson	Pte	1st Durham.....	64	105	
1875	Pearse	Capt	18th Devon	73	105	
1876	Pullman.....	Srg	South Middlesex...	74	105	
1877	Jamieson	Pte	15th Lancashire...	70	105	
1878	Rae	Pte	11th Stirling	78	105	
1879	Taylor	Corp	47th Lancashire...	83	105	
1880	Ferguson	Pte	1st Argyle	74	105	
1881	Beck	Pte	3rd Devon	86	105	
1882	Lawrence	Srg	1st Dumbarton.....	65	105	
1883	Mackay	Srg	1st Sutherland.....	79	100	
1884	Gallant	Pte	8th Middlesex	110	150	
1885	Bulmer	Srg	2nd V B Lincoln...	307	380	
1886	Jackson	Pte	1st V B Lincoln ...	265	330	
1887	Warren	Lt	1st Middlesex	274	330	
1888	Fulton	Pte	13th Middlesex ...	230	330	
1889	Reid	Srg	1st Lanark	...	...	...

AN OFFSHOOT OF THE TANNA CASE.

THE parties in the Tanna seduction case appeared before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, but in the present instance the position of the parties was reversed, and Shahpurji Adamji, as complainant, charged Hormusji Jamsetji and four other Parsees with assaulting him in May last. When the case was called on, the complainant did not answer to his name, and Mr. Davar, who represented the accused, informed the Magistrate that he had an application to make. He said that Shapurji Adamji, the complainant, was one of the accused in the Tanna seduction case, and had only served one of the five defendants in the present case with a summons, although the summonses had been issued on the 31st May last, and his client resided in the same street as the complainant and was in the habit of speaking to him daily. He would also mention that this summons had not been served on him till very recently. As the complainant was not present, it was evident that he did not intend to proceed with the matter. He (the learned counsel) would therefore ask his Worship to call upon him to show cause why he should not proceed with the case, and if he failed to show reasonable cause that he should be punished.

Mr. Shewsunker : I think it would be better to dismiss the case as against your client.

Mr. Davur declined to have the proceedings quashed. He said that his client was perfectly willing to meet the charge brought against him, and as he was not in a position to go to the High Court in order to proceed against the complainant for bringing a malicious charge against him, his Worship ought to afford him every facility to right himself in the court in which the charge was laid. Mr. Davur went on to say that the assault was alleged to have been committed in the presence of Inspector Briscoe, his client being at the time in the company of Inspector Framjee Bhicajee, of the Bombay Police Force. The conduct of the complainant was disgraceful in the extreme. Not content with seducing the sister of the defendant, as was proved in the Tanna case, he was now taking out summonses and otherwise annoying her relations and friends. Under these circumstances, he thought he would ask, in justice to the defendants, that the complainant should be called upon to show cause why the proceedings should not be proceeded with. The application was granted.

THE PARELL MATRIMONIAL CASE.

YESTERDAY at the Girgaum Police Court before Mr. P. Ryan, the case John Henry Clarke *versus* David Mathewson, was resumed, in which the defendant, David Mathewson, a fireman in the service of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, stands charged with committing adultery with the wife of complainant, who is also a fireman in the service of the same railway company, at Parell on the 23rd ult. Mr. Barder, of Messrs. Winter, Barder, and Bayley, appeared for the prosecution ; the defendant in person. The complainant produced a certified copy of the register of his marriage with Mary Grace Williams, at St. Peter's Church, Mazagon, dated 18th August 1883, which was put in.

Alfred Seimen was then called and said he was a band-master of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers. About 4 or 5 o'clock in the morning of the 23rd ultimo he heard a disturbance in Clarke's house. Clarke then called him into his house and showed him a waterproof coat and a pair of trousers. He showed him the name of Mr. D. Mathewson on the coat. A statement was made by Clarke's wife, which was written and signed by her in his presence. Clarke then left the house in his working suit.

Syed De Souza said he was a cook in the employ of Mr. Clarke for the last four years and a half. On the date in question he slept in the cook-room outside the premises at the request of Mrs. Clarke. He did not close the door of the house that night, the door being fastened from the inside. At about 11 o'clock that night he saw the accused in his master's house. He had seen the accused many times go at night into his master's bungalow.

Inspector Holdway, doing duty at Mahim, said he made enquiries by the order of the court on the 3rd instant in respect of the bunch of keys which was found in complainant's house and alleged to belong to the accused. He found that four of the keys fitted the boxes belonging to the accused, which he pointed out. The complainant made a report against the accused before Mr. Grennan, the Acting Superintendent of the Mahim Division, on the morning of the 24th ultimo.

The accused here stated that during the time Clarke assaulted him on the morning in question, he might have taken the keys from his pocket and he had two witnesses to call on his behalf who saw Clarke on two occasions come and peep into his house either to look for his wife or to take away some of his things as some of them were found in his premises.

The Magistrate then decided to commit the accused for trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court after hearing the counter-charge of assault brought by the accused against the present complainant, which he fixed to hear on the 25th instant.

A LEPER BUTCHER.

RAMA TOOKIA and Shaik Rajub, butchers—the former a leper—were yesterday charged by Mr. P. Higgins, the Superintendent of Markets, before Mr. P. Ryan, with bringing buffaloe meat from Coorla not slaughtered at the Municipal slaughter-houses at Bandora, for sale in the city of Bombay, and without a permit from the Municipal Commissioner. Mr. Crawford, the solicitor for the Municipality, appeared for the prosecution. The two accused pleaded guilty to the charge. Mr. Crawford said that the two accused have been previously convicted of a similar offence on several occasions. As for the first accused, who is a leper, there was a decided objection to his carrying on the trade of a butcher. He did not at present intend charging him under the Criminal Procedure Code, but if his Worship would deal with him more severely, it might deter him from following his trade any longer. The Magistrate said he could send him to prison on the civil side of the jail ; and if he was to go there, the spread of the disease he is suffering from to the other prisoners was most probable. He would, therefore, fine Rama Tookia Rs. 50, and the other man Rs. 20, and if they declined to pay the fine, he would issue a distress-warrant on their goods and movable property, which would probably have the desired effect.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE Bombay Municipal Corporation met yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Offices. Mr. Grattan Geary, president, occupied the chair, and the others present were Messrs. Amirudin Tyabji, Balchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Thomas Blaney, Bomonjee Pestonjee Master, Damodar Tapidas, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Fazalbhai Joomabhai Lalji, J. F. Fernandez, Hasambhai Viram, Jagmohandas Vandravandas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, and K. M. Shroff ; Rai Bahadur Luchmon Singh, and Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban ; Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Narayen Ganesh Chandavarkar, and Narotamdas Govardhandas ; Hon. Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta ; Mr. Rahimtula Khairaz, Hon. Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, and Messrs. G. W. Roughton, Shivaji Dhurmaji, and Accacio Gabriel Viegas.

INCREASE OF THE POLICE FORCE.

On the motion of Dr. Blaney, letter from the Judicial Department, dated 20th June, 1889, from Mr. Acting Secretary Heaton, forwarding for the information of the Corporation, Government resolution appointing a committee to report on the proposals of the Commissioner of Police for an increase to the city police force, and the necessity for an additional magistrate's court, and its situation, was recorded.

AN OBJECTIONABEE STABLE AT KARELWADY.

Mr. Kabraji moved and Mr. Javerilal seconded that, with reference to letter, dated 1st March 1889, from the owners and occupiers of property in Merwanji Framji Panday Street, Karelwady, complaining of the erection of a certain stable, and asking that the street may be taken over by the Municipality, the Municipal Commissioner be requested to expedite his report, which the Corporation at their meeting held on the 4th April last asked him to submit 'within one month' from that day (resolution No. 50).

The motion was carried unanimously.

FOOTBRIDGE AT CHARNI ROAD STATION.

Mr. Kabraji moved "that this meeting authorises the president to request Government to move the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company no longer to delay the much-needed erection of a footbridge over the level crossing for foot-passengers at the south of the Charni-road Station, and leading up to Kennedy Sea Face from the Thakordwar Road." They would remember, he said, in support of his motion, that lately some twenty-five thousand people attended the Kennedy Sea Face on the occasion of the eclipse of the sun, and the only way to the sea face was through a small gate hardly admitting of more than one passenger at a time. He himself had witnessed great throngs passing through that little gate, not only on special days and for special purposes of worship ; but on ordinary evenings he had counted them going through at the rate of a hundred per minute. On special days the number of people who assembled on the sea face for recreation was astonishing ; and on Holi holidays the police had counted as many as thirty thousand people. Having himself experienced a narrow escape from a railway accident, he could personally bear witness to the great necessity for an overbridge at that particular spot.

Mr. Javerilal, in seconding the motion, said he had no doubt the directors of the B. B. and C. I. Railway were fully aware of the necessity of having an overbridge at that place, but he supposed as long as there was no expression of opinion on the part of the public they would do nothing, thinking it was not urgent. He thought the Corporation as expressing the views of the people of Bombay might very well bring pressure to bear upon the railway company.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

CONSERVANCY ARRANGEMENTS IN THE NATIVE TOWN.

Dr. Balchandra moved (1) that many of the dust-bins located in the different parts of the city are very old and rotten and should be replaced by new ones after the pattern of the movable dust-bin carts. (2.) That the present conservancy arrangements for (*a*) a thorough removal of sweepings and dirt from the dust-bins in different localities, (*b*) removal of sweepings from streets, lanes, gullies, and private premises in the city, are unsatisfactory. (3.) That the number of public urinals at present located in the different parts of the city, is quite inadequate to meet the wants of the people, and they (the urinals) are not maintained in a thoroughly satisfactory condition. (4.) That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report as to what steps in his opinion may be adopted with a view to bring about a more efficient working of the existing conservancy establishment, in order to improve the present sanitary condition of some parts of the city.

Mr. Javerilal said it was bad enough to have a dust-bin that was old and ricketty near their houses ; but it was worse to have one that was seldom or never cleaned. Such things were enough to cause an outbreak of cholera. But if the attention of the executive were called to such inefficiencies in supervision, the matter would be looked after.

Mr. Khote said it was very desirable that these dust-bins should to be replaced by new ones. In some quarters the roads and streets were properly cleaned ; but a glance at the condition in which most parts of the native town were was quite sufficient to convince even the casual observer that the conservancy of the capital of Western India was far from satisfactory.

Mr. Kabrajee referred to some instances, of which he knew, of neglect in conservancy arrangements in some parts of the native town, and wondered how the inspectors in the Health Department could ever allow it. He agreed with previous speakers in laying the blame at the door of the Health Department. He hoped that after the revelations during the late scavengers' strike as to the conduct of the muccadams, the attention of the executive might be directed to these muccadams and the inspectors of the Health Department. After further discussion the resolution was carried.

SALE OF SURPLUS LAND.

On the motion of Dr. Blaney it was agreed to adopt resolution of the Standing Committee, dated 10th July 1889, recommending the Corporation to sanction the sale of surplus land remaining on hand out of the ground purchased for the improvement of Gunbow Street, at such rates as may be realized at auction, subject to any reserve price the Commissioner may consider desirable.

NESBIT ROAD OVERBRIDGE.

Dr. Blaney moved the adoption of the resolution of the Standing Committee recommending the Corporation to sanction a grant of Rs. 12,715, out of surplus cash balance, to complete the payments due to the G. I. P. Railway Company for the construction of the Nesbit Road overbridge.

The resolution was approved.

SURPLUS CASH BALANCES.

Mr. D. E. Vacha asked the Municipal Commissioner to inform the Corporation of (1) the amount of the surplus cash balance exclusive of the statutory balance of one lakh at the end of each official year from 1883-84 to 1888-89 ; (2) the sums expended and the specific purposes to which they have been applied from the said surplus cash balances from 1st April 1884 to 30th June 1889 ; (3) the available balance at present and the nature of its investment ; and whether advances drawn from the balances from time to time have been repaid ; and what is the amount which still remains to be refunded ; (4) the amount due to current cash account for advances made from it to loans accounts, pending the raising of loans resolved by the Corporation with the sanction and authority of the Government.

On the recommendation of Mr. Pheroshah Mehta Mr. Dinshaw dropped the second part of the motion.

Mr. Roughton rose to oppose the resolution on the ground that in the course of a month or two they would just be where they were again. He thought that motions of this kind ought to be discouraged on the ground that they only gave extra work to their already overburdened officials. He would suggest that as Mr. Vacha had been recommended to withdraw the second portion of his motion, he might also be advised to drop the third and fourth.

On Mr. Vacha's resolution being put to the meeting, it was carried.

OBJECTING TO LICENSE FEES.

The Corporation considered letter dated 5th July 1889, from Messrs. Ebrahim Hadji Hubib, Suliman Mahomed, and others, objecting to the license fees on their timber shops at Nowroji Hill, Don Tad Street, and Chinch Bunder Road, being increased from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25, and resolution of the Standing Committee that the Corporation be recommended to inform the petitioners that they will be charged for licenses proportionately, according to the area occupied as per scale sanctioned by the Corporation on 20th March last.

Mr. Roughton recommended that the matter be referred to the Commissioner to consider whether the lower rate of fees should not be received ; and moved accordingly.

Dr. Viegas seconded this amendment, but on a vote being taken, the resolution of the Standing Committee was carried by a large majority.

The Corporation then adjourned.

WE understand that the Government of India has sent Mr. Rogers, of compressed forage fame, a reply to his several representations on the subject of his discovery. A contract will probably be given to Mr. Rogers for the supply of his compressed forage at Quetta.

HANMANTRAO'S CONFESSION.

(Continued from yesterday's Gazette.)

Out of the second instalment of Rs. 1,000 received by post through Yadavrao Sathe, Rs. 300 were kept by him as a loan from me, and that was why I had told him to get small notes. He paid it back and everything he owed me on the day before my conviction. It was altogether Rs. 480. My sister's son, Narayanrao Sheagir, went and got it from him. The Nawab of Jangira had sent a money-order for Rs. 105 as subscription to the Empress Gardens to the address of Mr. Crawford. It was cashed by the office, and kept by Yadavrao for some time. About a month after when Sabaji Yadavrao and I went to Mr. Crawford's bungalow to dispose of watan cases, Yadavrao handed Rs. 150 to Mr. Crawford in my presence. He had borrowed from me for this repayment as well as for his own necessities. Rs. 700 out of Sindekar's second instalment remained with me. I can't remember what was done with this. Perhaps it may have been given to Atmarampant, with whom I had a running account. Mr. Crawford did not know about this payment ; it was devoted entirely to my own private purposes.

I told Sindekar, I

was transferred to Fagar, where he did duty as Mamlatdar, and was then made acting Huzur Deputy Collector. Later on he was transferred to Nasik. He paid Rs. 500 through Deshmukh before he was transferred from Nasik. I received it from Deshmukh from Nagar. I forget whether he brought it in person or sent it, but he often used to come to Poona from Nagar. I did not receive any money from Kelkar direct. All I received was from Deshmukh and did not exceed Rs. 500. There was only one payment. An anonymous letter from Rahuri stated that Kelkar was abusing Mr. Crawford, and he and I were annoyed at this. This was why he was tampered with so as to show him my influence.

DRAVID'S Rs. 1,000.

V. K. Dravid is an old college friend of mine. He was at Poona on furlough in 1886 and 1887 and came to see me. I took him to Mr. Crawford's bungalow. Mr. Crawford was out at the time, and on looking through the list of candidates on Mr. Crawford's table, we came across a pencil remark against Dravid's name, "To be superseded." I did not know of the existence of this remark, though I might have seen it before. He was agitated about this as he thought it would debar him from promotion. He said it must be a mistake in the office, as a subsequent Government Resolution had exonerated him, and he wanted me to intercede with the Commissioner in his behalf. I had no intention of introducing Dravid to Mr. Crawford that day; he merely drove with me as I was going to the bungalow. Afterwards it was arranged between Dravid and myself that he should pay me Rs. 1,000, and as he was at the top of the list he should get a mamlat. He then returned to Satara, and I did not see him again till he was appointed Mamlatdar at Poona, when he sent me Rs. 1,000 through L. M. Deshpande. He cancelled the rest of his furlough when he was appointed Mamlatdar.

B. B. Pradhan paid me Rs. 2,000 in two instalments of Rs. 1,500 and Rs. 500 through Atmarampant Lingayat. The latter introduced him and he brought the money. The payments were made in order to secure promotion.

V. A. Patwardhan came to me and asked for my assistance through Raghavendrarao Kattigeri in March or April 1886. He must have paid Mr. Crawford direct, or, as I afterwards heard, through Balvantrao Godbole. I do not know the sum. This took place when I was away from Poona, between May and July or August 1886. He was already head clerk in the Commissioner's office when I returned to Poona from my village. I distinctly remember that I never negotiated for him except for getting him the appointment of Mamlatdar in September 1887, when he paid me Rs. 500. Though nominally appointed he was never allowed to join, and Paranjpe, who had paid money, was appointed to act for him. RS. 2,500 FROM KHASNAVIS.

M. B. Khasnavis first saw me in August 1886. He wanted to be made a Deputy Collector. He had been recommended by the Collector for a place of Deputy Collector, but not having passed the higher standard I told him that could not be done as he was not a H. S. man, but I said I could get him a first grade mamlat. He was an intimate friend of mine, and was trying for the post of Karbari at Jamkhandi. It is true that Khasnavis and I went to Mr. Crawford's house one night at about 8 o'clock. I went in to Mr. Crawford and then called Khasnavis in and advised to talk quietly as he was inclined to speak too loud. I arranged between Mr. Crawford and Khasnavis that the latter should pay Rs. 2,500 as a loan. I first received Rs. 700 from him from Niphad by registered letter and then Rs. 400 in notes. I next sent a Marwadi, Tarachand, of Kering Amarchand's firm, to Khasnavis and asked him to pay the Marwadi something as a loan for me. The Marwadi was pressing me for an instalment on Mr. Crawford's loan. Khasnavis accordingly paid Rs. 400. He wrote and told me he had paid. I subsequently received the balance of the money. I think it was Rs. 1,000 from Khasnavis in person at Poona. I asked him before this if he would like to audit the jamabandi accounts at Poona, and took him to Mr. Crawford a second time, who asked him to pay the remaining Rs. 1,000. The question of his going to Jamkhandi was under consideration by Khasnavis as the Chief had applied for him. I told Khasnavis that the whole Rs. 2,500 would be returned to him, and it was then that he paid me the balance of Rs. 1,000. It was only about two or three months before Mr. Crawford's suspension that I sent my priest Bhimacharya to Khasnavis with a note asking him to pay him something as charity, and he gave him Rs. 200, of which Rs. 100 was brought to me and Rs. 100 was sent by Bhimacharya to his village of Kalsigi. Khasnavis got his promotion to first grade before the final payment was made. I had told Mr. Crawford that Khasnavis had rendered me a service, and it was partly owing to this that Khasnavis got his grade. The loan was never repaid and was not asked to be repaid. No bonds or receipts were given to Khasnavis. Khasnavis is an extravagant, careless man, and was never unwilling to pay the balance of the sum promised by him.

S. B. Bapat paid personally to the Commissioner. My information was that the Commissioner asked him direct, and he paid direct something like Rs. 2,000.

Yashvant Bailal Tambe gave Rs. 500 through Deshmukh to be transferred to Kopargaon and to get promotion. The time can be fixed by date of *Gazette* containing his transfer.

Devrao Kacheshwar paid me Rs. 1,500 through M. K. Kumtekar and Yadavrao Sathe. He was prepared to pay Rs. 1,500 more to be sent back to Amalner, but I would not take it, as I had another man in view. He came to Poona on his way from Khandesh to Peint, and leave to him was granted by Mr. Crawford on the day he got the title of C.M.G.

Vishnu Bapuji Soman paid me Rs. 1,500 through a native doctor, called Ghore. He was transferred to Valva in the Satara district, but since the Parbhu element predominates in Satara, Brahmans don't care to serve in that district. He, being an old man and a corrupt man, did not care to face the risk. He came to my house with Ghore and offered to pay Rs. 2,500. When we went to the Commissioner's house, Mr. Crawford asked for Rs. 1,500 before I mentioned the sum Soman was prepared to give. On my afterwards telling Mr. Crawford that Soman was ready to give Rs. 2,500, he told me he did not care to raise the amount he had once named. Dravid and Agashe are instances of Brahman graduates who have suffered through Parbhu intrigues in Satara. I call him corrupt only from the rumours I had heard of him when he was at Erandol. I have no ground properly so called to call him so. And this holds good in the case of every man whom I have called corrupt, some being more notorious than others.

Narhar Bapuji Damle is father-in-law of V. A. Patwardhan, the head clerk. I had no direct communication with him, but only with Patwardhan. He requested that his father-in-law should be kept in the taluka in which he was then serving, and should get promotion. He was accordingly appointed sub. pro tem. 3rd grade out of his strict turn to please Patwardhan, who paid Rs. 500 for the service. It is a pity this case was withdrawn, as it was an appointment which it have been difficult for Mr. Crawford to explain. TO OBLIGE HIM.

Madhavrao K. Kumtekar is a subject of Mudhol, and his father and brother live there, and my brother-in-law is very intimate with them. There was a chief constable at Mudhol, named Vyasrao Tanksale, and his family, too, had been intimate with ours for some two or three generations back. Vyasrao had been to Poona at the beginning of September or October 1886, and he spoke to me about Kumtekar. I think they had arranged that Kumtekar should be there at the time. I knew Kumtekar before, but Vyasrao brought him to me, and we discussed the question of his promotion. Kumtekar was at this time the Mamlatdar of Igatpuri. He had tried his best in Mr. Robertson's time to push the claims of graduates, and chiefly to himself, but his contention being inconsistent with the rules, his application was rejected just about the time Mr. Crawford came into the division. Kumtekar being thus disappointed wished to try the other means, viz., that of paying money, to get promotion. I therefore spoke to the Commissioner, and there was at that time a sub. pro tem. vacancy in consequence of the appointment of Mr. Bivalkar on special duty at Satara. Kumtekar had promised through Vyasrao that he would pay Rs. 500 on getting sub. pro tem. promotion. He was duly appointed, and I received the money through his brother, a student in the High School. After he was appointed sub. pro tem he paid Rs. 300 to be made permanent in the Mamlatdars' grade. I asked for Rs. 500 in Mr. Crawford's name, but as Yadavrao pleaded for him that he was unable to pay that sum, I took Rs. 300. His appointment was made rather to oblige him than as a reward for his payment. His explanation that he was superseded several times is not correct. At the time of his sub. pro tem. appointment, for which he made the first payment, he was not superseded by anybody, and not certainly by Messrs. Joglekar and Bindu Gopal. The former was appointed sub. pro tem. Mamlatdar on the 19th November 1886, and the latter was appointed probationary on the 17th December 1886, without being first appointed sub. pro tem. at all. Mr. Kumtekar was made sub. pro tem. on the 4th October 1886. Therefore I have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Kumtekar's statement with respect to his alleged supersession is not correct. I see from his evidence that he introduces his maternal uncle, but this person had nothing to do with the matter. He questioned Vyasrao as to whether he was willing to give evidence, but Vyasrao refused to give evidence against me, and then the maternal uncle was introduced.

(To be continued.)

BOMBAY SEASON REPORT.

THE following season reports for the week ending 16th July 1889 are published in the *Government Gazette* of yesterday:—

Karachi.—Rain Karachi 88 cents; average during current week of six other stations 76 cents. Weather cloudy and sultry. River Kotri on 15th, 18 2-3 feet against 14½ feet on same date last year. Rabi crop all removed. Cattle in poor condition.

Shikarpar.—River high and steady. Transplantation of rice general in low lands; Kharif crops flourishing. Mitho floods submerged an area of upwards of 100 square miles surrounding Larkhana, which is now safe. Nanrang Ex-ghar breached, due to excess of water in Ghar from Mitho floods. Kambar endangered, and protective works have, therefore, been arranged. Large area thrown out of kharif cultivation. Floods in Rohri Division from Indus direct and through Bhawalpur State. Syedabad embankment in Sukkur Taluka breached in eight places. No loss of life from floods. Prospects generally favourable.

Hyderabad.—Kharif cultivation in progress. Rain in nine talukas; average fall 1 inch 93 cents. Agricultural stock in fair condition.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Slight rain in taluka Shahdadpur beneficial. Want of water in Edenwah and tails of Sukkur Canal in Shahdadpur Taluka. Kharif sowings continue. Prices unchanged.

Ahmedabad.—Rain throughout the district; maximum 5 inches and 34 cents at Dhandhuka, minimum 1 inch 38 cents at Sanand. Bajri crop doing well; in Dholka and in Daskroi insects are reported to be damaging it.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during week 2 inches 11 cents. Sowing still progressing. Public health good. Prices falling.

Kaira.—Rain throughout the district; minimum at Thasra 2 inches 87 cents, maximum at Nadiad 5 inches 7 cents, Kaira 4 inches 73 cents; total at Kaira 18 inches 51 cents. Sowing in progress; young crops being damaged in some places in Thasra and Kapadvanj Talukas by caterpillars. Agricultural stock good.

Broach.—Good rain throughout the district during the week; maximum 8 inches and 12 cents at Hansot, minimum 3 inches and 29 cents at Vagra, 5 inches and 14 cents at Broach. Sowing in progress. Cattle healthy. Prices of food-grains normal.

Surat.—Rain maximum 20 inches 9 cents at Pardi, minimum 8 inches at Mandvi; total maximum 35 inches 46 cents at Pardi, minimum 13 inches 88 cents at Mandvi. Rain throughout the district. Kharif sowing vigorously progressing in all talukas; rice sowing has commenced in Olpad; transplantation in progress in Jalalpor, Chikhli, and Bulsar; young crops in Chikhli and Bardoli good. Agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains normal. Cholera in Pardi Taluka only; 9 cases and 5 deaths.

Khandesh.—Rain more or less throughout the district; maximum 3 inches and 26 cents in Erandol, minimum 10 cents in Raver. Cotton and jowari sowing completed in some and in progress in other parts; condition of crops in eastern talukas good; in other parts, where the rain is still insufficient, middling. The state of agricultural stock not yet improved. Cholera in nine talukas; 473 cases, 167 deaths. Prices of food-grains slightly rising.

Nasik.—Rain 1 inch 8 cents, total 3 inches 61 cents; maximum at Point 7 inches 24 cents, minimum at Kalvan 12 cents; rain generally insufficient throughout the district. Sowing commenced in some places of the Dangi parts and retarded in Deshi parts owing to the insufficiency of rain. Condition of cattle bad owing to the scarcity of fodder. Prices of food-grains rising in Sinnar and Niphad. Cholera in parts of Nasik, Niphad, Chandor, Yeola, Malegaon, and Kalvan; fresh cases since last report 51; total deaths during the week 54.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day, heavy on 11th and 12th; total of week 9 inches 3 cents; total to date 41 inches 24 cents, being 6 inches 83 cents above average. Abnormal temperature 1° warm on 10th, fell to 2° cool on 11th, rose to 2° warm by 15th, and was nil on 16th. Vapour in air excessive. Abnormal wind easterly on 14th and 15th; wind normal on all other days.

Thana.—Rain 22 inches 91 cents, total 55 inches 30 cents; rain general and copious. Transplanting of rice in progress. Cholera in Salsette and Shahapur Talukas; cases 83, fatal 72. Condition of agricultural stock good. Price second sort rice 19 pounds as compared with 22 pounds in the corresponding week last year.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 15th July 1889.)—Rain during the week 19 inches 20 cents, total 54 inches 21 cents. Public health good; small-pox still continues in Pen Taluka; slight cholera in one village of Alibag Taluka and one of Panvel Taluka. Agricultural stock healthy, crops good; transplantation continues. Rice, second sort, 20½ pounds; tur dal, second sort, 18 3-10 pounds.

Ratnagiri.—Heavy rain throughout the district; maximum 22 inches and 3 cents at Mandangad, minimum 10 inches at Vengurla. Agricultural operations progressing rapidly. Public health generally good.

Poona.—Rain in all talukas except Bhimthadi; maximum 5 inches 66 cents in petha Mulshi and minimum 11 cents in Sirur Talukas; more urgently wanted. Sowing of kharif commenced in Indapur and in part of Khed Taluka; elsewhere it is put off for want of sufficient moisture. Agricultural stock good. Cholera in Bhimthadi, Haveli, Maval, and Sirur Talukas, also in Poona City; 57 attacks and 27 deaths. Bajri 27 and jowari 32 pounds in the district, and bajri 25 and jowari 28 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednuggur.—Rain maximum Jamkhed 1 inch 61 cents, minimum Kopargaon and Akola 5 cents. Sowing retarded for want of rain in two talukas. Scarcity of fodder and drinking water in four talukas. Agricultural stock fair. Cholera in parts of Nagar, Jamkhed, Kopargaon, and Akola; attacks 174, deaths 74. Bajri 25 and jowari 34 pounds.

Sholapur.—Rain maximum Barsi 2 inches 24 cents, minimum Pandharpur 33 cents. Sowing operations have been commenced in all talukas; sowing of turmeric in the Barsi Talukas and of chillies, maize, and rala in the Malsiras Taluka has been commenced; sugarcane plantations in Sangola, Malsiras, and Barsi Talukas are doing well. Cholera in Sholapur, Barsi, Madha, and Karmala; 464 cases and 203 deaths. Land is being prepared for rabi crops. Weather cloudy. Average prices of food-grain as before.

Satara.—Rain Satara 2 inches 9 cents, total 8 inches 88 cents. Sowing suspended in parts of the eastern talukas for want of sufficient rain. Rain much needed throughout the district. Price of fodder high. Agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Rain maximum Sindgi 62 and minimum Bagalkot 5 cents; generally insufficient. Slight cholera in five talukas. Agricultural condition good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 1 inch 38 cents, total 20 inches 32 cents. Sowing retarded to north-east owing to deficient rain. Rice crops thriving. Agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Rain generally to the West; rainfall during week 60 cents, during the season 8 inches 89 cents. Impounding of water in paddy fields not begun for want of sufficient rain. Rain most wanted to the east, where early sowing is retarded. Scarcity of fodder and drinking water not lessened. Cholera cases 98, deaths 41.

Kanara.—Sufficient rain throughout district, except Mundgod and Haliyal, where weeding operation retarded for want of sufficient rain; rain Karwar 14 inches 25 cents; maximum Aukola 14 inches 38 cents, minimum Mundgod 1 inch 30 cents. Small-pox in three talukas and cattle disease in five: cholera in Mundgod, 18 cases and 7 deaths from 30th June to 13th instant.

Rajkot.—Rain 5 inches 45 cents, total 13 inches 92 cents. Sowing of kharif crops in progress. Agricultural stock good in Sorath Prant; in other parts weak owing to scarcity of fodder.

Wadhwan.—Rain 4 inches 40 cents, total 8 inches 96 cents; general throughout Prant. Weather cloudy. Sowing in progress. Prospects good.

Baroda.—3 inches 29 cents rain during week, total 16 inches 19 cents. Cholera continues in Baroda City; 119 cases, 63 fatal. Sowing in progress. Agricultural stock fair. Prices bajri 26, wheat 18, and rice 18 pounds

General Remarks.—Rain general, but deficient in parts of Deccan and Southern Maratha Country, and sowing consequently retarded in parts of Nasik, Poona, Ahmednagar, Satara, Belgaum, and Dharwar. Standing crops good in parts of Shikarpur, Surat, Khandesh, Kolaba, and Belgaum. Bajri crop doing well in Ahmedabad, but insects damaging it in two talukas. Young crops also damaged by caterpillars in two talukas of Kaira. Transplantation progressing in Shikarpur, Surat, Thana, and Kolaba. Fodder scarce in parts of Nasik, Ahmednagar, Dharwar, and Kathiawar. Water scarce in parts of Ahmednagar and Dharwar. Prices rising in Khandesh and two talukas of Nasik, and falling in Panch Mahals.

THE civil and afterwards the religious marriage of Prince Frederick Leopold and Princess Louise Sophie, who, on the 23rd of last month, made her ceremonial entry into Berlin, was solemnised on the 25th in the presence of the Emperor and Empress and a large gathering of Royal and Princely personages. A grand banquet followed the nuptial ceremonies, and the health of the bride and bridegroom was proposed by the Emperor. Later in the evening, the Emperor and Empress, accompanied by the King of Saxony, started for Stuttgart to participate in the rejoicings at Wurtemburg Court on the occasion of the King's Jubilee.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

CLIVE DURANT AGAIN.

IMPERATRIX VS. CLIVE DURANT AND JOB SOLOMON.

Mr. BRANSON, instructed by Mr. S. M. Rele, on behalf of the accused, presented an appeal and asked the Court to send for the record and proceedings of Lieutenant L. S. Newmarch, Cantonment Magistrate at Secunderabad, who, on the 3rd June last, convicted the two accused of defamation under section 500 of the Indian Penal Code, sentencing the first accused to four months' simple imprisonment (to commence on the expiration of the sentence he was undergoing for contempt of court), and the second accused to three months' imprisonment in addition to a fine of Rs. 500. The first accused is Clive Durant *alias* James Holt *alias* Stevens Howard, under which last name he some time ago figured in the Bombay law courts.

The libel was founded on an article published in the *Hyderabad Record* of the 27th March last, in which the prosecutor, Mr. Gallagher, was described as "neither more nor less than a fraudulent adventurer—lying, cheating knave," &c. Mr. Branson said the petition of appeal of the two accused were filed separately, but they related to the same subject-matter. With regard to Durant, he said there was actually a misdirection by the Judge to the jury. This was the first trial before a Judge and jury at Secunderabad, and some irregularities had crept in.

Mr. Justice Scott expressed a doubt as to whether the second accused was a European British subject and as such had a right to appeal to this Court.

Mr. Branson said that in a former petition presented to the High Court the second accused was described as a Eurasian. But he was tried jointly with the first accused, and he had a right to appeal jointly.

Mr. Justice Jardine referred to a case in the Bombay High Court reports, in which a question was raised as to whether this Court has jurisdiction over the Court at Secunderabad, except in the matter of a European British subject.

Mr. Branson said there could be no doubt whatever as to their lordships' jurisdiction in the matter of a European British subject. This was a trial under section 405 before the District Magistrate and a jury, and section 452 gave their lordships power to hear the appeal of Solomon, even assuming that he was not a European British subject.

Mr. Justice Scott: He has not made an affidavit that he is a European British subject.

Mr. Branson said that was so; but it would be a curious thing if the prisoners, being tried and convicted together, were to have their appeals heard separately by different courts. There were originally three charges of libel against the accused; two of them were abandoned; and the libel was confined to the article published on the 27th March last. Lieutenant Newmarch first intimated his intention to commit the case; then he said he would try it himself; and when an application was made for a transfer to this Court, he refused it, and the case went on. Lieut. Newmarch would have exercised a wise discretion if he had adjourned the case to allow of an application for a transfer being made to this Court. The Magistrate was bound to grant an adjournment for such a purpose; and because he did not grant it, the proceedings which followed his refusal were bad in law. Considering that Lieutenant Newmarch was the gentleman about whom Durant had published some lively articles, it would have been wiser in Lieutenant Newmarch to have given the accused an opportunity to get the case transferred. Lieutenant Newmarch was the Cantonment Magistrate, the District Magistrate, the Sessions Judge—half a dozen offices rolled up into one. Mr. Branson did not know if an appeal would lie from the Sessions Judge to the Assistant Resident. If not, the appeal would be only from Lieutenant Newmarch, the Magistrate, to Lieutenant Newmarch, the Sessions Judge. The learned counsel argued that, where there was a joint trial, it should be treated as a joint trial throughout, and that the appeal should be heard jointly too. Otherwise they would have an appeal by Durant to one court with chances of success and an appeal by Solomon to another court with no chance of success. This would be manifestly unfair to the second accused. In being tried before a jury together with the first accused the second accused was plainly accorded the right of a European British subject, and the same right ought to be extended to him in appeal. The Legislature could not have intended that where there was a joint trial there should be a separate appeal. All the learned counsel asked at present was to admit the appeal and to issue the usual notice; and the Magistrate, if he chose, would come and show cause against their lordships' jurisdiction, and the question of jurisdiction would be discussed at greater length. At present there was a *prima facie* case of jurisdiction. The learned counsel asked that Durant be admitted to bail until the disposal of the appeal; otherwise he might perhaps finish the term of imprisonment by the time the appeal was heard. One of the grounds of appeal was that the Magistrate examined the prosecutor-in-chief, but did not allow him to be cross-examined by the accused.

Their lordships admitted the appeal, and ordered the records and proceedings to be sent for as regarded Durant on the understanding that at the hearing he satisfied the Court that he was a European British subject. Bail was refused. The Cantonment Magistrate was to be asked to report whether any application, under section 526, was made to him, and whether his attention was directed to section 526A of the Code of Criminal Procedure. As regarded the second accused, their lordships considered the question was a difficult one, as he was apparently not a European British subject; and their lordships took time to consider their decision with regard to the appeal of the second accused.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT and the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

AN IMPORTANT DECISION UNDER THE ABKARI ACT.

IMPERATRIX VS. BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE.

THEIR LORDSHIPS delivered judgment to-day in the above case, in which the accused was convicted by Mr. E. McCallum, First-class Magistrate of Tanna, of having in his possession forty-four bottles of country liquor, and of illegally manufacturing or transporting the same under sections 47 and 43 of Bombay Act V. of 1878, and was sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for six months, and further to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default to suffer further rigorous imprisonment for one month.

Against this conviction and sentence the accused filed an appeal before Mr. E. Hosking, Sessions Judge of Tanna, on the 9th May last, who upheld the convictions under both the sections, but reduced the sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment to that of three months. On the 13th ultimo, an application was made to the High Court to release the accused on bail, pending the disposal of the application for revision, which was granted by their lordships on the accused furnishing bail in his own recognizance for the sum of Rs. 500, or two sureties for Rs. 500 each. Mr. Jardine, with Mr. Maneckshaw Talyarkhan, appeared for the accused; and Mr. Shantaram Narayen, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

Mr. Justice Scott, in delivering the judgment of the court, said:—In this case the accused was proved to have forty-four bottles of country liquor in his possession, of a strength much exceeding in strength that which may be sold in the district. He was charged under sections 43 and 47 of the Abkari Act found guilty under both sections, and sentenced under them to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200. The six months' imprisonment was reduced to three by the Appellate Judge, but otherwise the conviction under both sections was sustained. It was held that the presumption raised by section 53 of the Act brought the case under section 43 as well as section 47; and that the accused had committed an offence under both sections in respect of this liquor, "the possession of which he was unable to account for satisfactorily." That is not, in our opinion, the meaning of section 53. The presumption there intended to be drawn by law is the presumption of an offence under either section 43 or section 47 or both, according to the facts of each particular case. This section establishes an exception to the general principle that proof of a criminal intention is essential to constitute a breach of a criminal law. Mere possession without affirmative proof that it was wrongful would not have been enough if section 53 had not been enacted. That section is worded as follows:—"In prosecutions under section 43 or 47 it shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, that the accused person has committed an offence under those sections in respect of any liquor . . . . still . . . or apparatus whatever for the manufacture of liquor or materials ordinarily used for such manufacture . . . for the possession of which he is unable to account for satisfactorily." The courts below have read this section as if the words, "has committed an offence under these sections," had been, "has committed an offence under both these sections." In the absence of those words the presumption drawn from possession must only be held to bring each case under that section which properly applies to the special facts. Here possession alone is proved, and none of the additional facts which are enumerated in section 43. If the facts had shown that the accused had manufactured toddy, or been in possession of a still, or had transported toddy from one place to another, then the Magistrate would have rightly presumed such manufacture or transport illegal, and the case would have come under section 43. But here the sole fact is that the accused was in possession of the liquor without being able to account for its possession, and the sole presumption that arises on that fact under section 53 is that the possession not properly accounted for is illegal. This, however, constitutes an offence under section 47 only. The other reading of section 53, bringing section 43 into the case, would involve a double possession, first that as he was in possession of the liquor he must have either manufactured or transported it; and, secondly, that as he had manufactured or transported it, he must be presumed to have done so illegally if he could not explain its possession. This reading is astraining of a penal statute contrary to the principle that penal laws must be construed strictly and in favour of the liberty and rights of the subject. To make section 43 applicable, there ought to have been beyond the possession some affirmative evidence in the case of the facts necessary to constitute an offence under this section. We, therefore, hold the accused was only properly convicted of the minor offence. The sentence of imprisonment which he has partly suffered, would not have been inflicted under section 47, and that which remains to be performed must be remitted. The conviction under section 43 must be reversed, and in consideration of the term of imprisonment already suffered, one-half of the fine must be remitted.

THE CHETWYND-DURHAM ARBITRATION.

THE Chetwynd-Durham arbitration was resumed on Saturday (22nd ult.) in the Queen's Bench Court No. 11.

MAJOR EGERTON'S EVIDENCE.

Major Egerton, official handicapper of the Jockey Club, was called, and stated the meetings for which he handicapped. In 1887 his attention had been attracted to the apparent in and out running of the horses in Sherrard's stable. Making allowance for the state of the courses and the condition of the animals he thought the running of the horses in Sherrard's stables was remarkable and exceptional, especially with regard to Fullerton, and he suggested to Mr. Weatherby that an inquiry should be made after the horse won the Select Handicap in a canter. Sir George Chetwynd told him that he had backed his own horse Fullerton for the Lincoln Handicap, because he believed it was as fit, or even more fit, than any other horse in the race. The horse was not placed. He handicapped Fullerton a good deal lighter because of his previous running. Fullerton ought, by his subsequent running at Newmarket, to have been nearer to King Monmouth in the Lincoln Handicap. In the Manchester Cup in 1883 Fullerton started second favourite. He received 4 lb. from King Monmouth and ran better than that horse. The witness referred to Fullerton's running in several other races, and said he thought that his running in the Autumn Handicap was suspicious. The witness was also questioned as to the handicapping of Acme, and he replied that he thought the contrast between Acme's running at Sandown and in the Chesterfield Nursery Race at Derby was very suspicious. The owner told him the horse was amiss at Sandown. He mentioned the running to Lord Durham. When two horses ran in a race in one interest he thought there ought to be a declaration as to the horse to win, and when two horses ran practically in the same interest and one only was backed, he would not take into account in handicapping the one beaten. The witness said it was commonly known that there was a ring. Lord Durham's speech had a decidedly beneficial effect. He had stated his opinion as to Wood's conduct in the case of Wood *vs.* Cox, and he was prepared to repeat again that Wood had a bad reputation for years.

In cross-examination, the witness said he had continued his friendship with Sir George Chetwynd. There were other jockeys besides Wood who had bad reputations and who were said to be of the jockey ring. They numbered about six or seven; four or five were now riding. Two had been refused their licences.

EVIDENCE OF RIDERS.

Mr. Joseph Cannon, trainer at Newmarket and professional rider, was next called. He said he was present at the Autumn Handicap at Newmarket in 1887, in which Fullerton ran. He was opposite the grand stand. He did not think that Wood, who rode Fullerton, did his best or made any effort to improve his position. In cross-examination, the witness said he trained for the Hon. Mr. Lambton.

The Hon. George Lambton, gentleman rider, of nine years' experience on the turf, was next called. He said he witnessed Wood's riding in the autumn handicap at Newmarket, and Wood never attempted to improve his position.

SHERRARD RE-CALLED.

Sherrard was re-called, and produced certain books relating to the affairs of his stable. He said he could not produce a book which showed when horses were brought to his stables and when they returned. Mr. Lowther asked who made out the training bills. The witness said a man named Fry, and afterwards they were kept by Clark.

Mr. Lowther said the non-production of an important witness was worthy of note.

EVIDENCE OF THE JOCKEY SIDNEY HOWARD.

Sidney Howard, a jockey, was then called. In reply to Sir Charles Russell, he said he was aged nineteen, and he went to Mr. Sherrard's stables about four years ago. He came from Great Marlow, where he knew a man named Langley, who took to making a book. He corresponded with Langley, and used to tell him about horses that he fancied in the stable. If he thought that a horse would win a race he wrote and told his friend so. He wrote and told Langley to lay against horses that he did not fancy. He had seen Mr. Sidney in the presence of Sherrard. Mr. Sidney questioned him about the running of Fullerton in the Stewards' Cup and the Chesterfield Cup in 1886. Sherrard afterwards said to him, "I have heard from Sir George Chetwynd that you have made a written statement to one of Lord Durham's men." He could not say when he first saw any one from Lord Durham. Mr Sidney asked him what orders Sherrard gave him, and he told him. He recollected when the Stewards' Cup was run, and Sherrard told him that he did not think that Fullerton could win, and that he was not to trouble about getting a place, and he was to pull the horse in behind. The horse ran very well, but in the witness's opinion had no chance of winning. The horse was beaten on his merits. He obeyed his orders and kept the horse behind. The next day was the Chesterfield Cup, and Sherrard said that he was then to ride as he had done the day before. He did not do his best to go, or he thought he could have made a good second. He was pulling him about and never tried to win.

EXAMINATION OF LORD DURHAM.

On Monday Lord Durham was examined by Sir C. Russell. He became a member of the Jockey Club in 1882, and had served the office of Steward. He knew Wood had had a bad character for seven or eight years. At York in 1887 the witness and Mr. Vyner were stewards and in one of the races Wood rode Tommy Tittlemouse. He saw Wood pull the horse, and immediately after the race he saw Mr. Vyner and asked him whether he had seen what Wood had done, with the object of having him up, but Mr. Vyner said he had not. The witness was present when the Autumn Handicap was run at Newmarket in 1887. Wood made no effort to get to the front. He kept behind the other horses. He had drawn Sir George Chetwynd's attention to Wood's riding of Plantagenet. He had had no knowledge of the partnership which existed in Sherrard's stable when he made his speech at the Gimcrack Club. He had had a suspicion that Mr. Baird was connected, in some way, with the stable. He was not aware when he made his speech that there had been inquiries made as to the running of Success and Fullerton. He had not made a speech at the Gimcrack Club before, but he knew that Mr. Lowther made a speech there every year. (Laughter.) It was commonly understood by racing-men that jockeys did bet largely. He had heard that owners employed Wood because they thought it better to have him on their side than against them. He adhered to his opinion that the employment of a jockey because he could square other jockeys was a direct encouragement to malpractices amongst jockeys. Racing men had complained about the in-and-out running of horses ridden by Wood. His object in making his speech was to clear the Jockey Club of a reproach which rested upon it, and to improve the turf, which at that time was very bad.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

In cross-examination by Sir H. James, the witness said that he had charged Sherrard's stable with improper conduct and Wood with malpractices. He intended to charge Sir George Chetwynd with being a party to these transactions. He charged Sir George Chetwynd with being one of the persons who won large sums of money when the horses trained by Sherrard and Wood were successful, and did not lose much when they did not win; but he did so with the reservation that this was the case when the horses were or were not on the job. He believed bets were made with the knowledge that horses were to be pulled. He made the charge against Sir G. Chetwynd with respect to Fullerton in 1886, but not in 1887. He acquitted Sir G. Chetwynd as to the charge in 1887, but he had taken no trouble to remove the charge fom the record. He was almost certain that Sir G. Chetwynd did not know that Fullerton was to be pulled in 1887. Wood pulled the horse in 1887 and robbed his master; but Sir George was one of the ablest racing men on the turf, and he must have known Wood had pulled the horse. That was the first time the witness had made that statement. He found since he made his speech that Sir George had lost a good deal of money when Fullerton did not win in 1887. The owners, he referred to in his speech, were Mr. Abington, Mr. Sherrard, Mr. Macksey, Sir G. Chetwynd, and Wood. There were other owners, but he did not wish to mention them, as they were not connected with Sherrard's, stable.

A discussion here took place as to the advisability of evidence relating to other owners, and the arbitrators decided that the evidence was admissible.

Mr. Lowther suggested that the names should be written down and handed in by Lord Durham.

Lord Durham wrote two names on a sheet of paper and handed them to the arbitrators. He did not desire to be publicly examined as to the other owners, as they were not mixed up with Sherrard's stable. It was not because he was afraid of an action. He charged Sir George Chetwynd with being a party with Wood, and instructing Goater to pull Kinfauns and Lovely in 1884. The witness in further examination said that Luke was Wood's favourite jockey when he wanted a horse pulled. He distinctly charged Luke with having pulled horses. With reference to Cassimere, the witness said that the ground for his charging Sir George Chetwynd with fraud in connection with the horse was that he backed her when she was "on the job," but had nothing on when she lost. When Sir George Chetwynd said he did not know that Wood pulled Acme, he (the witness) was afraid he did not believe him. Wood never thought of anybody but himself, and robbed Sir George Chetwynd.

Sir Henry James asked whether the witness believed that Wood one day defrauded Sir G. Chetwynd and the next day entered into a conspiracy with him.

Lord Durham, in reply, said, "Something of that sort of thing." He did not charge Lord Lurgan with anything. He was a young man and knew more of gambling than racing. He did not charge General Owen Williams with anything; but he believed he had been robbed by Wood. A. White was a jockey of the same kidney as Luke, and could be squared by Wood. Goater, Luke, and White were the jockeys Wood squared; but there might be more. He believed Wood had an interest in most of the horses run in Sir G. Chetwynd's name, and the partnership was to deceive the Jockey Club and the handicapper. He believed Sir George Chetwynd backed Fullerton heavily for the Manchester Cup. Sir George Chetwynd ought to have known that Fullerton was pulled in the Lincolnshire Handicap and the Jubilee Stakes before he ran for the Wilton Plate.

THE WITNESS RE-EXAMINED.

In re-examination the witness said that the horses he had run had won at long prices. Whenever the horses in Sherrard's stable won they started at short prices. Lord Lurgan had made a charge against him at Doncaster about Vagabond. He had only £25 upon him, and he lost. He did not think his running was right, and he ran him again the next day for the Cleveland Plate, and he and Lord Hastings backed him for £5 each, and he won. Afterwards he saw Lord Lurgan, who said he ought to be had up before the Stewards for running the horse after losing on the previous day. He replied that Lord Lurgan ought to be the last to make a charge, seeing he was a member of Sherrard's stable. Lord Lurgan said he was only chaffing, and the matter ended in a friendly way. Unless some explanation was given to Sir George Chetwynd to account for Fullerton's bad running at Lincoln, he could not understand how an experienced racing man like Sir George could afterwards back the horse for the Manchester Cup and the Wilton Plate. He believed Sir George Chetwynd was in Wood's power because of monetary matters and complicity in racing transactions. Lord Durham then referred to a number of rules made by the Stewards of the Jockey Club, and stated that Mr. Baird had no right to run any horse in the name and colours of Sir George Chetwynd. He alleged that Sir George was regarded by the public as the manager of Sherrard's stables and he was very much surprised to hear Sir George say that he did not know that a horse in the same stable was running against one of his own horses in a particular race to which reference had been made. He alleged also that Goater, Luke, and White—especially the two latter—were up to ride the second string in Sherrard's stables. At the time a reference had been made to the running of horses belonging to Sir George Arthur that gentleman was absent from the turf. Sir Charles Russell then directed the examination to the running of Sly, and Lord Durham suggested that over the first race in which this horse was engaged Wood left Sir George Chetwynd and Mr. Benzon "in the cart," or, in other words, told them to back Sly and himself backed another horse, which was in view of the running of Sly on that occasion. He could not understand why Sir G. Chetwynd should have backed it next time it ran; indeed, the papers stated at the time that it was wonderful that any one should have backed the horse after its last performance. Speaking of Kinfauns, Lord Durham stated that in one race in which this horse was engaged it started at 50 to 1, and Sir George Chetwynd did not back it, but won a considerable sum on Cohort, which was ridden by Wood. Kinfauns was ridden by Goater. The next time Kinfauns ran it started favourite and won, and Sir G. Chetwynd won over £1,000. He believed that Sir George ran Kinfauns the first time at Newmarket to get weight off her, so that he might back her at Liverpool. Therefore she was not intended to win at Newmarket. Lord Durham added that these good things did not always come off. The next horse taken was Lovely, and Lord Durham quoted instances of in and out running, which he alleged presented a startling contradiction. With respect to Fullerton he charged Sir G. Chetwynd with wilfully shutting his eyes. He could not understand any man who made £6,000

PURE PERSONALITIES.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN, says a horse paper, is about to become—if he has not already become—the proprietor of the periodical, known as the *Asiatic Quarterly Review*. Usually this periodical is rather heavy. But it should prove useful. It is a singular thing that the greatest Eastern Power in the world, England, has never yet produced a first-class Oriental review, one to which those might resort who were anxious to know, from competent authorities, all the best that was to be known about Eastern politics, thought, literature, religion, language, commerce, &c., Vienna is ahead of London in this respect.

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I hear, says the London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian*, that Lord Lytton has been making himself extremely unpopular in Paris. The Parisians, whatever may be their ethical shortcomings, have a keen sense of what is socially becoming, and they justly consider that good taste requires a certain sobriety of demeanor in highly placed officials. This they fail to find in the English ambassador. Lord Lytton has also offended against received etiquette by an ostentatious and excessive homage to theatrical and operatic "stars," whom that tradition of French Society has always kept more at arm's length than is the case in London. It is generally felt that Lord Lytton is in every respect an unfortunate representative of England, and that if his impaired health should lead to his retirement the result can only be deplored on private and personal grounds. No one, I believe, feels this more keenly than M. Waddington. It is to be remembered that Lord Salisbury persisted in appointing Lord Lytton, contrary to the most urgent counsels of experienced advisers, among whom was the late Lory Lyons. Should Lord Lytton leave Paris, his successor would probably be Sir Edward Malet.

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Captain Woodward, who came so sharply under the displeasure of the Queen's Bench, has seen more active service than, in these piping times of peace, falls to the lot of most naval officers. He was with the smart ship Nimrod in the second China war, and took part—December, 1857—in the operations against Canton. A year later he assisted at the capture of the Taku ports, and for all these services got medals not a few. As captain of the Turquoise, he had a hand in our warlike doings at Suakim in the years 1884 and 1885. His next experience of active service and his last so far, was three years ago, when we annexed Burma to our Indian Empire.

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In the Burma expedition, Captain Woodward commanded the Naval Brigade, which went up the Irrawaddy to Canton. For the essential services that he rendered, her Majesty created him a C. B., the Government of India voted him special thanks, and General Prendergast mentioned him in despatches for "energy, willingness, and professional skill." At intervals he has been engaged in the suppression of the slavet-rade, and generally his record shows a pretty fair share of hard work. When in December, 1887, he was appointed captain of the Duke of Wellington, those who knew him and his career said that he deserved the place. Curiously enough, he is kindly of disposition, popular with his officers and men.

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The new Governor of the Cape Colony has not had a distinguished Proconsular career. But he has had rare adventures. There is an Irish Member of the House of Commons who enjoys the distinction of being the only living British citizen upon whom sentence to be hanged, drawn, and quartered, was carried. Sir H. B. Loch, the new Cape Governor, can record the story of how, at the time of Lord Elgin's mission to China, he was captured by the Chinese treacherously, under a flag of truce—and carried by them in an iron cage. Sir Harry Parkes was a companion in that horrible captivity. Fortunately that Mr. Loch as he then was survived. Mr. Loch is a Scot. He saw fighting in India, and in the Crimea.

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Mr. Wilkie Collins, who is now said to be recovering, has written so many clever and amusing books, in spite of his persistent enemy, the gout, and has been writing for forty-seven years. Yet he is not such a very ancient veteran; for he is only in his sixty-sixth year. He began early and his work appeared when he was in his eighteenth year. Mr. Wilkie Collins inherited the artistic temperament, for both his father and mother were accomplished painters. In spite of his artistic environment, young Collins started in life prosily. He was apprenticed to the tea-trade; but by-and-bye he found his vocation—in the course of writing an excellent biography of his father, which was published in 1848. That was his first venture in literature.

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Only recently it was Shakespeare's turn, now it is Homer's. An ingenious Rheims student has propounded the theory that the Illiad was written by a party of Jewish collaborators, and he bases his suggestion on the bare facts that the Troad was peopled at an early period of the world's history by Jews, and that the word "Idaei," meaning the people who lived on and around Mount Ida, bears such a resemblance to "Judaei." This is hardly enough to shake our belief in the blind bard who begged his bread through the seven cities. Mr. Donnelly's imitators promise to out-Herod their master in absurdity. But it is a sad fact of life that if you propound an absurdity you get a hearing; whilst if you preach a truth you are summarily rejected.

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The Jubilee Plunger, who, in the course of nine months, divided a quarter of a million of money amongst the bookmakers, and who used to keep three hundred pairs of hunting boots in his cupboard, has now an income of £450 a year, the capital of which is strictly tied up. Besides this he had a lump sum of £14,000 left to him some time ago, which may or may not be in his possession at present. No one ever before squandered his money in a manner so utterly reckless, so futile. He lost £5,000 to "Chippy Norton" over a pigeon match in one afternoon.

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Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is now recognised as something more than a merely ornamental figurehead in "movements" having for their object the commemoration of men of letters. His latest participation in a project of this sort is in connection with the proposed memorial, at Canterbury, to the memory of Marlowe, whom the omnivorous readers of our time have recognised at last as one of the greatest men of genius in English literature. Considering the name he bears, Lord Chief Justice Coleridge should, of course, be prominent in all such gracious "functions."

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Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is one of the most scholarly members of his profession. Though not a man of original gift in literature, he possesses a fine literary appreciation. He is still tolerably young—that is to say, for a Lord Chief Justice of England—for he is only sixty-eight. He was an Eton boy and a Balliol man, and became a fellow of Exeter. Called to the Bar forty-three years ago, he soon joined the Western Circuit, of which he eventually became the recognised leader. In 1868 Mr. Gladstone made him Solicitor-General. At the end of 1873 he succeeded Sir William Bovill as Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, and in November 1880, on the death of Sir Alexander Cockburn, he became Lord Chief Justice of England. He was at one time a pretty frequent contributor to the Whig quarterly, the *Edinburgh Review*.

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Mr. Balfour has been leading his clerks at the Irish Office a pretty life lately. The fine weather has drawn him away from the dulness of thwacking Irishmen—he has been striking tennis-balls instead. If he had left a list of his private engagements and matches at the Irish Office, all would have been well. He could have been consulted about important documents and urgent telegrams from embarrassed Dublin officials. But finding him has been no easy matter, and these precious appeals for advice have had to follow him from one fashionable house to another, all over London, until sometimes closing time has arrived and he has not been found. There is more waiting, he turns up, everybody is briskly at work, and by midnight Mr. Balfour has forgotton his day's adventures, whilst his clerks have fired off their last volleys against the fascinating game which causes so much hunting and irregular work. Firm government apparently needs light relaxation on the lawns of fashionable houses.

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Johannes Wolff completed his conquest of the Royal Family on Saturday, 22nd ult. He began last year at Invercauld, when the Queen was so delighted with his playing that she presented him with a set of beautiful pearl studs, and overwhelmed him with compliments. Since then she has seen him at Buckingham Palace several times, and has always warmly welcomed him. Then the great violinist took captive the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh at a smoking concert, and now he counts the Princess Beatrice and the Princess Louise among his admirers. On Saturday he went down by invitation to Aldershot, took lunch with the Princess Beatrice, her husband, and the Princess Louise; and after there was a regular musical afternoon: The Princess Beatrice is an excellent pianist. She accompanied the great violinist in no less than eight pieces, all of which she played at sight. Wolff speaks enthusiastically of the accuracy and expression with which she plays; and declared that her accompaniments were a real inspiration. An enthusiastic praise of this kind from Wolff—who has the unsparing frankness of the true artist—is as rare as it is sincere.

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ESSENTIAL OILS,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

SOLUBLE FRUIT FLAVOURING ESSENCES,

Directs the attention of the Aerated Water Makers to the following:—

Soluble Essences - { Of the Greatest Strength consistent with Solubility.

Heading Liquid - - { Producing a Creamy Head upon Aerated Waters and Fermented Liquors.

Anti-Ferment - - - { For preserving Syrups, Cordials, or Fruit Juices in all climates.

PURE PHOSPHORIC ACID

Is recommended as an Acidulant in preference to the Compound Acids of indefinite composition offered as Citric substitutes; it being not only free from lead, *but from Sulphuric Acid and all similar adulterations.*

Price—In 10-gallon Casks and Carboys, 10d. per lb. In Jars or Winchester Quarts, 11d. per lb.

FIELD'S HEADING LIQUID

Will be found Economical because of its Great Strength.

C. W. FIELD, CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE -AND- CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER, Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

NOTICE.

It is of the utmost importance that all Works in Bombay should use the same system of Fire Extinguishing Appliances.

THE BOMBAY FIRE BRIGADE

and over 50 per cent. of the Mills in the district have already adopted MORRIS'S PATENT System of Instantaneous self-locking Hose Couplings, with Fire Hydrants, &c., to suit.

No Fire Brigade or Works complete without Morris's system. All the Lancashire Cotton Mills and principal firms throughout England use it.

Send for New Illustrated Catalogue of Fire Appliances, Fire Engines, Hose Piping, &c., to Sole Agents for India.

GREAVES, COTTON & CO., BOMBAY.

Inventors & Sole Patentees: JOHN MORRIS & SONS, Engineers, Manchester.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.

"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."

PURE, MILD and MELLOW.

DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition, 1865.

20, GREAT [illegible] AND 21, [illegible]

PIPECLAY SUPERSEDED!

To Officers Commanding European & Native Regiments.

USE PICKERING'S BLANCO

FOR THE GENERAL'S INSPECTION VISIT.

It smartens up all accoutrements customarily whitened. Suitable for Sepoy's Gaiters, and for Cavalry Gauntlets. Superior for Helmets and Belting. The Soldier can carry it in his knapsack. The Civilian will please see that his Native Servant substitutes BLANCO for the white chalk of the Bazaar, with which Ram Baksh streaks his master's helmet and "muds" his canvas shoes. BLANCO for every description of white Leather, Tennis Balls and Cricketing gear.

SOLD AT: *Calcutta*—ARNOTT & Co.; HOGG, SMITH & Co.; H. CLARK; J. F. MADAN. *Bombay*—ALLEN THE AID Co.; W. WATSON & Co. *Madras*—OAKES & Co. *Allahabad*—H. CLARK; PARTON & Co. *Mussoorie*—FITCH & Co.; H. CLARK. *Meerut*—SPENCER & Co. *Lucknow*—J. O'CONNOR. *Ranikhet*—T. H. PARVOIR. *Naini Tal*—J. O'CONNOR. *Moradpore*—J. D. JACKSON.

Wholesale Manufacturers, JOSEPH PICKERING & SONS, Sheffield, England.

Can be obtained in large quantities by Canteens, &c., from RICHARD DICKESON & Co. Export Merchants, Mansell St., London, E.

HAY'S HOP ALE ESSENCE

Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

TRADE MARK

REGISTERED.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

Aerated Water Manufrs. - } Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.
Mess Presidents - -
Club Stewards - - -

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*
"HAY'S HOP ALE.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*
"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."
"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale than any non-intoxicants preceding it."
—*Eastern Morning News.*

Trade Price, 8s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. & upwards, 8s.

QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

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HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCES

HAVE A WORLD-WIDE CELEBRITY.

Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Extract. For 2nd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Essence, highly concentrated. For 3rd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Champagne Essence, highly recommended.
Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.

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HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).

JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,

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TILES & MOSAICS of all description for ENTRANCE HALLS, VERANDAHS Ornamental & Glazed Tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.

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Renovates, Hardens, and Maintains the Polish of Old and the New Furniture in its original brilliancy. Does the Work in Half the Time.

Rapidly Polishes. Works quite dry. Is Odourless, Lasting. Does not mark. Does the Work with Half the Labour.

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NOT AFFECTED BY CLIMATE OR STORAGE.

Inventors and Sole Manufacturers, J. PICKERING & SONS, SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE NEW PERFUME.

THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO.'S

UNDER the title "Crab-Apple Blossoms," THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO. are now selling one of the most delightful perfumes ever manufactured. The uniform excellence of all the goods of this well-known firm needs no comment here, since our readers are aware of their exceptional merit. At the same time, it is well to call attention to the fact that this "Crab-Apple Blossoms" scent is totally unlike any of those commonplace perfumes with which we meet in all directions, and reminds one at once of all the sweet and delightful scents of the country.—*Lady's Pictorial.*

Chief among the fashionable scents of the season is "Crab-Apple Blossoms," a delicate perfume of the highest quality and fragrance. It is prepared by the CROWN PERFUMERY COMPANY, of 177, NEW BOND STREET, who have at various times distilled some of the choicest and most favoured perfumes.—*Court Journal.*

SOLD EVERYWHERE, BY ALL PRINCIPAL DEALERS.

CRAB-APPLE BLOSSOMS.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 2-12 per Gallon.

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ENGELBERT & CO.,

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AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER BOMBAY

NOTICES.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities. It cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cleans the Blood from all impure matter.
From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, safe, and useful medicine."—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology.

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June 5, 1888.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight September, 1888.

"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling, because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,

"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

-GOLD MEDAL-PARIS 1878-

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

LIVER TROUBLES

and Nervous Disorders, so prevalent in tropical countries, may be speedily cured by wearing

HARNESS' ELECTROPATHIC BELT.

Doctors recommend it as positively the only [illegible] reliable means for the self-application of mild continuous currents of electricity. It is cool and comfortable to wear, produces no shock, and acts like magic in the cure of Torpid Liver, Nervous Exhaustion, Impaired Vitality, Nervous Dyspepsia, Rheumatic Affections, Kidney Disorders, Ladies' Ailments, &c. Read Thousands of Testimonials. This world-famed Belt is also a safeguard against Cholera, Ague, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and other disorders specially incidental to tropical climates. Descriptive Pamphlet, "Galvanic Electricity," sent to any address free on application to Mr. C. B. HARNESS, Medical Electrician (President of the British Assn. of Medical Electricians), THE MEDICAL BATTERY CO., Ltd. Advice by correspondence free of charge.

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The Crown Perfumery Co's INVIGORATING **LAVENDER SALTS**

SOLD EVERYWHERE

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GENUINE CROWN STOPPERED BOTTLES AS SHOWN ABOVE

GOLD & CO.'S

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND, WROUGHT IRON **HINGES** ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

FRAZER'S SULPHUR TABLETS

PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THUS ERADICATE FEVER, IMPROVE THE COMPLEXION, AND WARD OFF RHEUMATISM.

TRY THEM.

Sold by all Chemists at 1/1½ per Box.

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NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

ELLIMAN'S

EMBROCATION

FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

Remarks by Masters of Hounds.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful. RUTLAND.
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

From Lord Haddington, Tyningham, Prestonkirk, N. B.
December 27th, 1885.

SIRS,—ELLIMAN'S Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it *indispensable* in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON.
Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.
Jan. 9th., 1889.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain.
HARRINGTON.
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION,
Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION
RHEUMATISM LUMBAGO. SPRAINS.
UNIVERSAL ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION
BRUISES CHEST COLDS SORE THROAT from COLD-STIFFNESS
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Prepared only by ELLIMAN SONS & Co. Slough Eng.

SAFEST DRINK

ROSS'S ROYAL BELFAST GINGER ALE IRELAND
By Royal Warrant to H.M. the King of Italy. Royal Letters Patent.

IN A HOT CLIMATE.

WOOLS & Fancy Wools
Real Kashmyr Wools, Embroidery Silks, &c., &c
The Providence Mills Spinning Co., Bradford, Yorkshire, England, guarantee the full weight of 16oz. to the lb. Their Wools & Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the *best quality and pure fast dye*. Write for the Samples (which may be kept without charge) and you will at once see the advantages of buying direct from the Spinner, the Saving being at least 3d. in the the 1s.
SILKS
For KNITTING &c.

ATKINSON'S
ENGLISH PERFUMERY,
Surpasses all others for its natural fragrance.
ATKINSON'S CELEBRATED
EAU DE COLOGNE,
is unequalled for its strength and delightful fragrance. It far surpasses the numerous compounds sold under the same name.
Of all Dealers, and of the Manufacturers—
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
Trade Mark—A "White Rose" on a "Golden Lyre," with Address in full.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!
HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED
BY THE USE OF

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE
PHOSPHODYNE REGISTERED

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted and at once imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is patronized by Aristocracy and the *Elite*, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

☞ CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.
The ONLY Medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Mark. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the Reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for Dr. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitute.
DR. BRIGHT'S WORLD-RENOWNED PHOSPHODYNE.
I sold in CASES at 6s. 6d. by all Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.
Full Directions for use in 16 Languages accompany each case.

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W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this Office and at th Booksellers.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.'S MARVEL WATCH.

Rs. 10

A very cheap Brass open-face short-winding keyless lever Watch, with enamelled dial, bold figures, second-hand, and push pin to set the hands.

The Marvel Watch, of Swiss make, is not to be compared with any of the Cheap Watches or Toy Watches, now so extensively advertized, and deals the death-blow to the American trash lately imported.

The Marvel Watch, of Swiss make, needs no other recommendation, but the Manufacturer's name and reputation to make it the most popular Watch among the millions of India.

The Marvel Watch, at **Rs. 10,** is unique at the price, and is guaranteed for one year. None genuine unless bearing above Trade-mark. 10 per Cent. Discount allowed to purchasers of Half-a-dozen or more at a time.

Postage and Packing Free.

To be had from the well known Manufacturers only.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
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DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.
N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
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"The Worst Complexion is improved by the daily use of Pears' Soap."

Pears'
Transparent SOAP

Produces Soft, White and Beautiful Hands; keeps the Skin Soft as Velvet, and free from Redness and Roughness.

Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other.

PERFECT HEALTH PERFECT HEALTH!!!
HOCKINS
IMPROVED PATENT SEIDLITZ POWDER
for HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, FEVER, CONSTIPATION, HEARTBURN, SICKNESS &C.
EVERY ONE IN INDIA SHOULD USE IT
OF ALL CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

GRAND JEWEL AUCTION.

Under instructions from

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TOSHAKHANA,

THE OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BENGAL,

THE AGENTS TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL *in re the Estate*

OF HIS LATE MAJESTY THE KING OF OUDH,

THE ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL OF BENGAL & others.

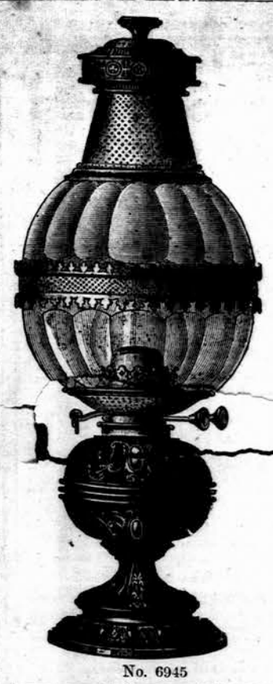
MESSRS. HAMILTON & Co. will SELL, early in AUGUST, by PUBLIC AUCTION at CALCUTTA, A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF JEWELLERY, comprising:—SPLENDID PEARLS! MAGNIFICENT EMERALDS! RARE DIAMONDS! FINE RUBIES! &c. &c.

Catalogues in course of Preparation, post-free.

The Collection is specially suited to the requirements of INDIAN PRINCES and CHIEFS.

Orders to *purchase registered* gratis.

HAMILTON & CO,
GOVERNMENT JEWELLERS,
CALCUTTA.



LAMPS! LAMPS!!

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. E. LORD REAY,
GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

LAMP WAREHOUSE,
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LATE THEODOR KNAUST,
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LAMPS! LANTERNS!

THE VERY BEST, STORM, AND PUNKAHPROOF.
ESPECIALLY SUITED FOR USE IN INDIA.
EVERY IMPROVEMENT in this line has my constant and best attention, and my Illustrated Catalogues will convince any one that the Assortment I have is UNSURPASSED BY ANY FIRM IN THE WORLD.

VICTORIA BURNERS,
With ball flame and dioptric chimney, in six sizes, viz. :—

Nos.	15	20	25	30	35	45
With	28	45	66	76	120	157 candle power.

As attested by Professor Dr. L. Weber, of the University of Breslau, and Professor Dr. R. Benedict, of the Polytechnicum of Vienna.

No. 6945 No. 2372

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES are cut on approved Scientific principles at right angles to the axis of the crystal. In *Menist's Perfect Pebble* SPECTACLES it is not only the Pebbles which are perfect, special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

Menist's Perfect Pebble Spectacles stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it we supply a cheaper class as noted below.

We have also a large supply of ordinary glass from Rs. 3 a pair.

When a change of power becomes necessary, we supply Menist's Perfect Pebbles at half price (Rs. 8), taking back the unsuitable pair.

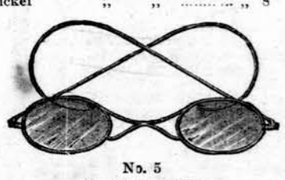
Menist's Spectacles can only be obtained from
MARCKS & CO., LIMITED.

No. 1.
SINGLE TEMPLE SPECTACLES.

Dr. Menist's Gold	Rs. 45
" Silver	" 25
" Steel	" 16
Gold, ordinary Pebbles	Rs. 40
Silver " "	" 18, & 22
Steel " "	" 6, 8, & 10
Nickel " "	" 8

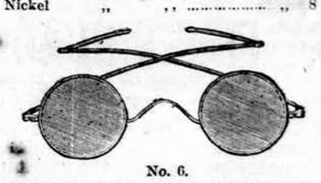
No. 4.
TURNPIN SPECTACLES.

Dr. Menist's Gold	Rs. 55
" Silver	" 28
" Steel	" 16
Gold, with ordinary Pebbles	" 45
Silver " "	" 22
Steel " "	" 8 & 10
Nickel " "	" 8



No. 5
RIDING HOOKS.

Gold, Dr. Menist's	Rs. 45
Silver "	" 25
Gold, with ordinary Pebbles	" 40
Silver " "	" 22
Steel " "	" 8
Nickel " "	" 8



No. 6.
SPORTING OR BILLIARD SPECTACLES.

Gold, Dr. Menist's	Rs. 60
Silver "	" 30
Gold, with ordinary Pebbles	" 50
Silver " "	" 25
Steel " "	" 10

No. 8.
FOLDERS OR PINCE-NEZ
(of various Patterns).

Gold, Dr. Menist's	Rs. 40 & 45
Silver "	" 25
Steel "	" 16
Tortoise-shell, Gold-mounted	" 30
Gold, with ordinary Pebbles	" 40
Silver " "	" 20
Steel " "	" 10

No. 10.
GLOBULAR GLARE GLASSES (Neutral Tin

Gold	Rs. 60
Silver	" 30
Steel	" 6
" Cheaper quality	" 3

No. 11.
GLARE AND DUST PROTECTORS
(for Railway Travelling).

Gold, flat neutral Tint Lenses	Rs. 85
Silver " "	" 35
Steel, best quality	" 12
" 2nd "	" 8
" 3rd "	" 3

No. 12
STIRRUP EYE PRESERVERS
(with Gauze or Glass sides).

Gold, with straight or hooksides	Rs. 45
" Turn pins	" 50
Silver, Turn pin or Single	" 25
Steel	" 8 to 10
Nickel	" 8

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MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

"THE FAVOURITE POLISHING PPEPARATION."
Used by Her Majesty's Servants at Home and Abroad.

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